W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

CHAS. E. JONES'
People's Popular Prescription
Pharmacy
Open Day and Night.
36 Government St.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JULY 31, 1893. No. 177

Our Strike is Over!

We have now engaged a full staff of competent workmen and are able to make up goods ONE THIRD LESS than the old price.

Suits now range from $20 up.
Pants from $6.

ALL IMPORTED GOODS.
THESE PRICES WILL CONTINUE

Why send East when you can buy a better suit at home for less money, from the Largest Stock and Best Tailors in the Province.
Or why wear a ready-made suit when you can have one made to fit you of good Imported Stock for the same price.

TERMS CASH.

Geo. R. Jackson & Co.,
Five Sisters Block, 57 Government Street.

W. H. PERRY,

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE. 42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

50 PER CENT.

Dry Goods at Half Price
At
THE WESTSIDE

WE OFFER THIS WEEK:
200 yds. Check Tweed, 30c., reduced to 15c.
300 yds. Bedford Cord, 44 inches wide, 40c., at 15c.
250 yds. Double Width Checked Tweed, 35c., at 20c.
400 yds. Fancy English Tweed, 50c., at 25c.
600 yds. Double Width French Twills, 50c at 25c.
450 yds. Double Width Tweeds, 75c., at 40c.
Black French Cashmeres and Fancy Black Dress Goods, at about half price.
Jackets, Capes and Blouses at Clearance Prices.
A SPECIAL LINE OF
25 doz. Suede Musquetare GLOVES, in Black and Colored, 10 button lengths, worth $1 to $1.25. Sale price, 65c.
SEE WINDOWS.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE AGENCY.

J. St. Clair Blackett
74 Yates Street,
GENERAL AGENT UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF LONDON, ENGLAND.
NOTARY PUBLIC,
CONVEYANCER, Etc.
Fire Insurance Written at Lowest Rates.
Collections promptly made.
City Property a Specialty.

Spectacle Wearers
Who appreciate the value of their Eyesight, and the comforts derived from properly fitting glasses, get them from the
ONLY OPTICIANS
In British Columbia,
F. W. Nolte & Co.
37 Fort Street.

Cavin Bros.,
Boots
And
Shoes,
HAVE REMOVED
From
94 Douglas St.
To
94 Yates St.,
Wilson Building,
Opp. Vancouver Hotel.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GIRL for general house work; small family. Apply 25 Richardson street. jy31-3t

TO LET—Two furnished rooms, 90 Kingston street, James Bay. jy31-1f

FOR SALE—Steam yacht "Angerona" of 14 tons burthen; can be seen at Turpel's Slip yard. For particulars apply to Thornton Fell, Langley street. jy31-1m

WANTED—A servant girl for family of three. Apply 41 Kings Road, Work Estate. jy31-2t

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen who can appreciate a good meal to go to "The Vienna," Yates street, near Douglas. Lunch from 12 to 2 at 25 cts., with pint of ale or lager, 50 cts.; dinner from 5:30 to 8 at 50 cts., with wine, 75 cts.; meals a la carte at all hours up to 8 p.m. Kitchen in charge of a Vienna artist, C. Eissner, formerly with Delmonico, New York, manager. j31-1t

TO FARMERS—For sale, cheap, a good second hand binder; also a good reaper, price $20. Apply Ontario Wagon Shop, William Powell. j31-2t

FOR SALE—A good boarding house. Address "Alpha," Times office. jy31-3t

"Land Registry Act."

Lot No. 1247 and Subdivision No. 15 of Lot No. 1257, Victoria City.

A certificate of indefeasible title to the above property will be issued to Joseph Dwyer on the 30th day of October, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, July 29, 1893. jy31-3m

AUCTION SALE

BY W. FURNIVAL & CO.,
City Auction Mart, 58 Broad Street
TO-MORROW,
Tuesday, August the 1st,
At 2 o'clock.

Furniture, Glassware, Crockery, &c.

R. C. P. CO.'S
Screw Steamer
Cariboo and Fly
(Classed A1½)
CAPT. WM. REYNON,
Will leave Porter's Wharf on
Wednesday Ev'g, Aug. 2,
At Six o'clock, for
Claxton, Skeena River and Way Ports.
For Freight and Insurance apply to
DALBY & CLAXTON,
jy31-3t Agents.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

AUCTION SALE OF
Valuable Real Estate
SITUATED IN VICTORIA CITY.

I am instructed by the assignees of the Estate of A. J. Smith, Esquire, to sell by Public Auction, on a day to be named by the assignees, at the Saleroom, 40 Yates Street, all his Valuable Real Estate.

Particulars and descriptions of the property will be given in a few days.

W. R. CLARKE,
jy31 Auctioneer.

Cheapest Boarding House
IN TOWN.
Rock Bay Hotel
NEW HOUSE.
NEW FURNITURE.
Best Accommodation for the Least Money.
Single Room ....And Board $5 A WEEK
Bar will be run in the same manner as St. George's Hotel. Beer, 5 cents a schooner; 10 cents a pot.
BEN. CARTER,
jy31-1m Proprietor.

Denied in Every Part.

Duluth, Minn., July 31.—George C. Spencer, president of the Lake Superior Elevator Company, and Col. Graves, formerly president of the same company, and a director of the Northern Pacific Elevator Company, deny in every part the story sent out from New York that the New England banks have been victimized by forged certificates issued by the Northern Pacific Company. "There is absolutely no truth in the story," said Spencer. "There has been no over issue of certificates as collateral in New York, or any other place. The only possible foundation for the story is the fact that a plan for the reorganization of the company is under consideration, under which the debts of the Northern Pacific Company will be taken up, and Mr. Kellog, of St. Paul, attorney for the company, has just returned from Boston, where he submitted the plan to the banks that are creditors of the Northern Pacific Company. The scheme for reorganization has been accepted, and it is practically assured." Col. Graves said: "It is a sensational story without any foundation. No forged certificates were ever issued or used for collateral. The Northern Pacific Company, met with losses but there was nothing fraudulent in the matter. Robert Forbes, who is the receiver of the company is in Tacoma and no statement can be obtained from him."

ENTENTE CORDIALE

France Will at Once Raise the Blockade of Siam's Ports.

BRITAIN AND GAUL AGAIN AGREE

No Interference With Burmah or the Shan States.

The Land Ceded to Siam to Remain Undisturbed—An Amicable Understanding Arrived At—Startling Statistics About Cholera in Naples—Seventeen Deaths a Day.

Paris, July 31.—In the negotiations over the Siamese affair the British Government, through its representative in Paris, is insisting that France shall not annex the territory north of the 18th parallel of latitude, ceded to Siam on condition that it should never be ceded to any other government. There is no doubt at the embassy that France will give way sooner or later, the British case being so clear to British eyes. This point, as far as the knowledge of the embassy goes, is the only one which Great Britain has made a subject of intervention.

In substance the ultimatum over which all the trouble is taking place was as follows:

"First—The recognition of the rights of France in Annam and Cambodia on the left or eastern bank of the Mekong river as far north as the twenty-third parallel of latitude.

"Second—The evacuation within a month of the forts held by the Siamese on the east bank of the river.

"Third—Full satisfaction for the various Siamese aggressions against the French ships and French sailors on the Menam river.

"Fourth—The punishment of the culprits and provision for pecuniary indemnity to the victims.

"Fifth—Indemnity of 200,000 francs for various damages sustained by French subjects.

"Sixth—The immediate deposit of 300,000 francs to guarantee the payment of the fourth and fifth clauses, or the assignment of taxes in certain districts in lieu of such deposit."

Paris, July 31.—Owing to representations made to M. Deville, foreign minister, by Lord Dufferin, British ambassador to France, the question of a neutral zone between French possessions in the Siamese peninsula and British Burmah and the Shan states has been settled satisfactorily. It has also been agreed that the French blockade of the Siamese coast shall be raised immediately.

Cholera in Naples.

London, July 31.—Despite the denial made as to the presence of cholera in Naples and information that appeared to sustain the denial, the Central News publishes the following figures as to the number of cases of the disease and deaths in that city. From July 20th to July 28th there were 202 cholera cases registered in the city, and 157 deaths. The daily average was 37 cases and 17 deaths. On July 22nd, 45 fresh cases and 24 deaths were reported. The number of cases has declined since then.

MOB VENGEANCE.

Fearful Scenes at the Lynching of Two Negroes.

Columbia, S. C., July 31.—Two negroes who committed an assault upon Mrs. Sightler of Gaston were lynched to-day. Will Thompson, an overgrown 16-year-old negro, was caught near Columbia and taken to Gaston early this morning, where his captors were met by a mob of 200 men, who were joined by 100 more from this city. Thompson confessed that he and Tom Preston and Andy Kaigler, all colored, committed the crime one week ago. The crowd proposed to nail him up in a turpentine barrel and burn him. Instead he was hanged to a small tree.

Before the hanging Archibald Sightler, husband of the woman, laid 50 lashes on the negro's bare back with a heavy buggy trace, every blow bringing the blood. When he became tired another man took his place and continued the whipping. Thompson could make no sound because the rope around his neck choked him.

After the hanging a hundred men fired into his body with pistols, shotguns and rifles. Hardly a square inch of his body escaped a bullet.

At 11 o'clock Preston was captured seven miles from Gaston and was taken to the scene of the early morning tragedy. Here all the horrors of the Thompson lynching were re-enacted. Preston was stripped and pinioned to the same scaffold which had served for Thompson. Sightler with the same heavy buggy trace beat the unfortunate man, and when he was exhausted the whipping was continued by others of the mob, until the negro's entire body was a mass of bleeding flesh. At 12 o'clock, after Preston had regained consciousness, he was strung up to the same limb to which Thompson had been hanged four hours before and his body was riddled with bullets. Preston protested his innocence to the last.

At 9 o'clock to-night, at Lexington court house, the mob has swelled to fully 1,000, and an attack upon the jail, where Kaigler is confined, is momentarily expected. It is believed the sheriff will not offer any serious resistance.

Engineer's Day.

World's Fair Grounds, Chicago, July 31.—The attendance yesterday was 18,637. There was a radical reaction in the attendance to-day as compared with yesterday. In less than three hours after the gates opened the number of paid admissions was in excess of that for the entire day on Sunday. The day was bright, clear and cool and visitors to the World's Fair were not slow in taking advantage of it. Aside from the regular visitors there was a large delegation of mechanical engineers out to see the exposition to-day. It was "engineers' day," and several thousand mechanical engineers took part in celebrating it. They came out in a body on the whaleback Christopher Columbus, and under escort of the exposition officials were shown the wonders in the way of engineering skill in the White City. Shortly after noon a reception was given them at Music Hall by the engineers of the exposition. During the afternoon and evening they visited the Ferris wheel and the Krupp pavilion, where the gigantic gun is on exhibition, also the ice railway, the moveable sidewalk and other sights interesting to men of mechanical tastes.

The pipe organ at Festival Hall, was dedicated at the concert there to-day by Clarence Addy of Chicago. The attendance was unusually large and the programme a pleasing one. To-morrow George E. Whiting, of Boston, will give an organ concert in the hall. In the afternoon at Music Hall there will be a symphony concert given by the exposition orchestra under the direction of Theodore Thomas.

Bohemians are arranging for a big day at the exposition on August 12th, the day assigned them by the authorities, and on that day the red and white, Bohemia's national colors, will predominate. The celebration promises to be one of more than usual interest for in many respects it will be an uncommon affair. The main events of Bohemia day will be a parade and an oration by Charles Jones, lieutenant-governor of Wisconsin, giving an account of the present situation of Bohemia and the grievances of her people, a concert at Festival Hall, Dr. Antonin Dvorak acting as director, and finally an athletic exhibition by societies in the arena. It is expected that from 10,000 to 15,000 Bohemians will take part in the procession. There are about 30 Bohemian societies in Chicago alone.

DESJARDINES' DISCOURTESY.

Refuses Civility to an Italian Warship for Certain Reasons.

Ottawa, July 31.—Considerable comment has been made here over the fact that Mayor Desjardines of Montreal has refused to participate in a reception to the admiral and officers of the Italian warship Etna, which arrived in port there. His reasons are that the Pope has been prevented from assuming temporal power in Italy by the government. The Montreal militia authorities asked leave for the militia department to return the warship's salute to-day, and the request was refused. That also has been misunderstood in Montreal, and telegrams are fast pouring into Ottawa to know the reason. The adjutant-general says the whole reason is that Montreal is not a saluting station. He has caused the deputy adjutant general to board the Etna and explain this to the admiral.

SPANISH AMERICA.

Everything in a State of Suspense in Nicaragua.

San Juan del Sul, Nicaragua, July 31.—Telegraphic communication with Granada has been restored, but official messages only have been so far allowed to be sent. Masaya has been occupied by the Leon revolutionists. Many wild rumors concerning the movements and proposed movements of troops on each side reach this port, but very little trustworthy information can be obtained. It is known, however, that there has been no fighting since the Zavella party evacuated Managua and retreated to Granada, where they are now entrenched. The steamer Victoria, which was sunk in Lake Nicaragua during the war against Sacasa, has been floated and is now running between Granada and San Carlos.

City of Mexico, July 31.—It is expected that President Diaz will soon issue a decree outlining a plan for a considerable reduction of the army by the disbandment of four or five thousand men. This is part of the programme of economy decided upon by the administration, which is determined to make all possible sacrifices to pay interest on the foreign debt, which has become so heavy a charge owing to the enormous premium on gold. Auxiliary forces will be created, which can be used if required, but which will not be a serious burden on the treasury.

Valparaiso, July 31.—President Penas will have a meeting to-day to discuss the situation and decide whether the federal government shall interfere with the revolutions against the provincial government. The cabinet will also ask congress to send a committee of intervention to settle the trouble in San Luis. The revolt there was caused by the Ralical party, who opposed the governor of the province and named a governor of their own. He organized a provisional government and is attempting to exercise the functions of a regularly-appointed executive.

United States Pensioners.

New York, July 31.—Hoke Smith, secretary of the interior, arrived here on Saturday, on his way from the northwest to Washington. When told it had been reported that a number of northern Democratic congressmen are finding fault with his pension policy, the secretary said he did not believe the report. "The policy of the department, so far as the secretary is concerned," he said, "is to enforce the law as it was enacted by Congress. No pensioner who has once proved his claim will be asked to do it again. During the investigation of the Bennett case the medical referee of the department, Dr. Ingraham, notified the acting secretary that the department had allowed pensions under the act of 1890 without regard to the capacity of the applicant to do manual labor. This was in clear violation of the act of Congress. If you will publish the decision rendered in the case, together with the order, you will have a full explanation of my views on the subject."

Up Country Rancher Dead.

150-Mile House, B.C., July 31.—William Pinchbeck, a prominent rancher and mill-owner of Williams Lake, died last night.

At the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets.

AMERICA'S CHAMPION

The Beautiful Yacht Navahoe Surprises the Britishers

LEADS THE VALKYRIE AND BRITANNIA

But Finishes Third in a Long and Interesting Race.

Her Measurements Unknown—President Gardiner Speaks on Pleuro-Pneumonia in Canadian Animals—Probability of Permanent Exclusion of Foreign Animals.

London, July 31.—The regatta of the Royal London Yacht club took place to-day; the course was from the boat off the club house at West Cowes, Isle of Wight, eastward to and around Warner lightship, then westward to a buoy marking east Leep shoal, passing north of Normafort. The course was sailed over twice, the weather was beautiful, and the Solent was filled with pleasure craft of every description. There was a fair breeze from the northwest and the yachts got away in capital style. The boats that took part in the race were Royal Philip, Carell's Navahoe, Lord Dunraven's Valkyrie, J. Jameson's Iverna, the Prince of Wales' Britannia, A. D. Clarke's Satanita, and P. Donaldson's Calluna. The starting gun was fired at 10 o'clock, and under full sail the yachts made for the line. The Valkyrie, with Lord Dunraven on board, was first across, the Iverna, the Britannia, with the Prince of Wales on board, Satanita, Navahoe and Calluna following in the order named. Great interest was manifested in the Navahoe, which is the American challenger for the Royal Victoria Yacht club's cup, Brenton Reef cup and Cape May cup. At the beginning of the race the Valkyrie drew sharply away from the other boats and the Navahoe seemed to loose slightly. The wind freshened on a rising tide and the Navahoe, with everything except the Spinnaker set, began to haul up on the leaders. At 12:30 the Navahoe was leading, with the Valkyrie two seconds behind. The Navahoe continued to gain slowly, and at 12:56 was leading the Valkyrie by 10 seconds. The Britannia was a close third. The measurement of the Navahoe has not yet been received from the yacht racing association, and she therefore raced to-day without rating. The other contestants were rated as follows: Satanita, 162; Britannia, 151; Valkyrie, 148; Calluna, 141; and Iverna 114. The first prize in to-day's race was £80 and the second £25. Among those who witnessed the race were the officers of the United States cruiser Chicago, which arrived at Cowes this morning. The race for the Queen's cup will take place to-morrow. The Navahoe is disqualified to take part in this race owing to the fact that her owner, Carroll, is not a member of the Royal Yacht squadron. The Navahoe led the yachts home on the first round; when the yachts started on the second round the Navahoe got over the line eight seconds ahead of the Valkyrie. The Britannia was third to cross, a minute later than the Valkyrie, then followed the Satanita, Calluna, and Iverna in the order named. The Iverna got away ten minutes behind the Navahoe. The Britannia finished first, Valkyrie second and Navahoe third.

The Britannia, which finished first, was in one minute and three seconds ahead of the Valkyrie, which was second, and one minute and twenty-six seconds ahead of the Navahoe, which finished third place. Satanita fourth and Calluna fifth.

President Gardner's Opinion.

London, July 31.—Mr. Gardner stated in the House of Commons to-day that the Canadian Government had not yet formally invited the board of agriculture to send experts to Canada at the expense of the Dominion to report upon the alleged existence of pleuro-pneumonia. Mr. Gardner suggested that the Canadian authorities themselves could obtain this information, which, he added, would bear materially on the question of the maintenance of the restrictions. Later in the debate on agricultural distress Mr. Gardner replied to Tory criticism of the ministry for not closing British ports against all foreign cattle, and and argued that no need existed for such action, as the foot and mouth disease was entirely extinct, and there were only seventeen cases of pleuro-pneumonia so far this year. Taken together these statements show Mr. Gardner's desire to impress the House that the ministry will be a party to a permanent exclusion of foreign cattle when the board's advisers consider there is not a risk of importing disease.

Better Feeling Prevails.

Portland, Or., July 31.—At noon to-day everything was quiet. The First National Bank of East Portland and the bank at Cottage Grove are closed. These are small concerns, and will not affect the banks here. There is an entire absence, in this city, of the panicky feeling that existed last week, and it is generally understood that all have taken advantage of the intervening Sunday to fortify themselves with ready cash. It may be safely considered that the crisis was reached last Saturday, and that the week opens with a better feeling than has existed for months.

Frisco's Midwinter Fair.

San Francisco, July 31.—The board of supervisors to-day passed a resolution granting the Southern Pacific Co. a franchise for building a spur track into the midwinter fair grounds. Among the subscriptions received at headquarters this morning was that of the San Francisco & North Pacific R. R. Co. for $5,000. The street car companies will meet to-morrow and agree on the amount each shall give. It is expected the total will reach $40,000.

EVENTS AT THE CAPITAL.

Annual Meeting of the Masonic Grand Lodge.

DEATH OF MR. JUSTICE PATTERSON.

The Vacant Seat Likely to be Filled From New Brunswick—British Columbia Should Have a Chance—Judge Bole's Visit to Ottawa.

(Correspondence of the Times.)

Ottawa, July 24.—The Masonic craft had a week of it in Ottawa. The annual meeting of the grand lodge A. F. & A. M., which was held in the opera house here, was in every way a great success. In point of attendance it could not have been more successful and everything passed off without a hitch. It is possibly one of the greatest assemblies in the Dominion—the Canadian parliament, taking it as a whole, can scarcely be excepted. In wealth of intellect, business capacity, and command of money, it is doubtful if the House of Commons could equal it. At any rate it is a great body, and one where politics do not enter within the deliberations. Grits and Tories meet on the same level and with the same objects in view. The grand master for the past and present year is the Hon. J. M. Gibson, provincial secretary of Ontario, and president of the Dominion Rifle Association.

I quote verbatim from the report of the grand master to show the condition of the finances of the order. He said:

"As a general rule, when the financial features of ordinary institutions are healthy and sound, pretty much all is well; but this by no means necessarily applies to Masonic bodies, which depend more for their success on other and higher considerations than annual statements of assets and liabilities, and comfortable additions to the reserve. At the same time all will agree that we are happy in the possession of safe and sound interest bearing securities, for the by no means inconsiderable sum of $75,000. The question has often been asked, What is to be done with this fund? Is it never to be used for any practical purpose? Some have suggested the advisability of establishing a home for the unfortunate of our fraternity, or their widows or children, while others propose that until some well-matured scheme for disposing of the surplus is arrived at the grand lodge dues should be reduced by one-half. Whatever scheme or enterprise the attention of the craft may in future be directed to, involving the outlay of our savings, let it not be considered that meantime this money is idle. It is earning interest, and it should be a source of pride as well as satisfaction to us all, that so large a proportion of our annual grant for benevolet purposes is met from this source of revenue. At a time when all is going well, and when we feel least apprehension for the future, we should not depart from the sound and thrifty financial policy which has hitherto been pursued, of continuing to add to the investments already made and insuring the future financial stability and strength of the craft in this jurisdiction. "Sufficient unto the day is the evil thereof" is all very well as a motto, under certain circumstances, but always a most unsafe principle as the foundation of a financial policy. The subordinate lodges will not, I trust, become tired of the present scale of contributions to the funds of the grand lodge, until the same are found by experience, to constitute a real burden, nor should grand lodge make any distinct departure from the present simple, safe and sound method of dealing with the surplus so long as there appears no pressing necessity of entering upon some well-defined enterprise in the interests of the craft, that has secured our practically unanimous approval.

Deputy Grand Master Edmund E. Sheppard, "Don" of the Saturday Night, in presenting his report to the Great Preceptory, speaks of his visit to the west as follows: "In Calgary they are talking of forming a preceptory, and in Vancouver I imagine it will not be very long before there is one in existence. The Sir Knights resident there are already numerous and generous to a fault. No visitor from the encampments of the east need be lonely or friendless in Vancouver.

"In Victoria, B.C., some 20 magnificently-uniformed knights met me in their well appointed rooms, and first-class drill and large-hearted comradeship again demonstrated a hopefulness and prosperity of the western sir knights. Complaint was made here as well as in the other western preceptories at the delay in obtaining the revised ritual. Many of the members and officers have reached middle age and find it difficult to commit words to memory as readily as of yore. Western Gate Preceptory No. 30, have practically received no candidates and have asked for none, being fully determined not to undertake the work until they have their new ritual at their fingers' ends. I think the stringency of the times has perhaps prevented candidates from thrusting themselves upon them, as they charge $150 entrance fee, and insist on each new member purchasing a uniform, which, excepting the clothing, is supplied from the amount paid in. I am full of hope and confidence in the western preceptories."

This morning Judge Bole of New Westminster, arrived in the city. He is here on a holiday. The judge was last in Ottawa shortly after his elevation to the bench. He made many friends during that visit, and all of them were very glad once more to meet him. He is a good conversationalist, a staunch believer in British Columbia and its future, and I spent a very pleasant hour with him talking over the vast extent of its mineral wealth, the richness of the soil in the valleys, its great timber forests, and the salubrity of the climate.

The death of Hon. Christopher Salmon Patterson, justice of the supreme court of the Dominion, carries away a man of rare legal talents, of vast industry, great common sense and sound judgment. Although 70 years of age at the time of his death, he looked in robust health and had apparently many useful years before him. But it had to be otherwise, and heart disease carried him hurriedly away at an early hour this morning. He leaves a widow, three sons and two daughters to mourn his loss. He was appointed to the Supreme Court on the 27th of October, 1888, succeeding the late Judge Henry of Nova Scotia. In politics Judge Patterson was a Liberal, and Sir John Macdonald was credited in making the appointment with returning to his old ideas of ignoring politics in selecting the judiciary. Who will succeed Justice Patterson is the question now asked. Everything goes to the Maritime Provinces, in these days, and it is a wonder if this vacancy is not filled by a New Brunswicker. If the government were to do the right thing it would appoint one of the British Columbia judges, since there is no representative on the Supreme Court bench from any of the provinces west of Ontario. The matter should be taken hold of by the provincial press, since the representatives in parliament from the Pacific coast are not likely to inconvenience the government by having any opinions on the subject.

SLABTOWN.

Her Glory Has Departed.

Berlin, July 29.—An interesting comment made by Emperor William prior to his departure from Kiel for the Isle of Wight is reported. According to a member of His Majesty's suite a discussion was going on between him and the Emperor as to the possible outcome of the French dispute with Siam, when His Majesty remarked that Great Britain was not strong enough to assert herself against any European power or against The United States. He further declared that if Great Britain was brought into conflict with any of these nations the belief in her former strength as queen of the seas would burst like a soap bubble.

Annexation Discussed.

New York, July 29.—Many prominent Canadian residents of this city met on Thursday night and formed themselves into a society for the furtherance of endeavors to bring about the annexation of Canada with the United States. The meeting was unanimously in favor of the adoption of the speediest method of obtaining for Canadians the advantages of American citizenship. The association is to be called the Canadian-American society. No less than 115 members signed the roll and the following officers were elected:—President, Dr. George McGauran; first vicepresident, W. C. Charlebois; treasurer, D. B. Messenger; financial secretary, Dr. James Moran; recording secretary, Dr. George E. Hayunga. Ex-Premier Mercier, who is lecturing in favor of annexation throughout New England, will be invited to come to New York to advise the new club as to the best methods to be adopted to advance the best interests of the movement.

Bennett Not Much Better.

Paris, July 29.—Notwithstanding the encouraging cablegrams sent from here regarding the condition of James Gordon Bennett since the serious coach accident some weeks ago, he is not regaining his strength as rapidly as his friends could wish. This is owing to the condition of his wounds. Gangrene, it is said, has set in. Painful rumors gained currency last evening, and enquiry was made this morning at Bennett's hotel, where it was stated there had been no change for the worse within the last 24 hours. He is, however, not yet considered out of danger.

New York, July 29.—At the Herald office in this city it is said that nothing has been heard to confirm the rumor of James G. Bennett's relapse. Members of the staff regard the rumor as having no foundation in fact.

Russia Likely to Suffer.

Berlin, July 29.—It is generally held here that the tariff war started between Russia and Germany is more likely to cause damage to Russia than to Germany. It seems that Russia, in applying the maximum tariff on German products, was mainly influenced by unfavorable early reports regarding harvest prospects in Germany. These reports, it is said, led Russia to believe that Germany was desiring Russian grain, etc., and would not retaliate for the imposition by Russia of the highest tariff on imported German products. The condition of the German crops, however, especially wheat and rye, has greatly improved.

Rough on the "Wretched."

Denver, July 29.—There was a lively though undignified fight in the state house to-day between Gov. Waite, aided by Acting Secretary Hary Maltby, on one side and a lone reporter on the other. Mr. Gaston, a reporter representing the evening paper which has criticized the executive, called upon Gov. Waite and asked for news. The governor refused to talk and ordered the reporter to leave the room. Gaston refused, and Gov. Waite and his nephew, Maltby, ejected the reporter after choking and otherwise roughly handling him.

Thrashed the Priest.

Baltimore, July 29.—Father Barabass, pastor of the Holy Rosary church (Polish), was roughly handled by some parishioners this morning. His robes were torn from his body and he was severely beaten. Had it not been for the police he might have been killed. The trouble commenced months ago by a division of the congregation on the appointment of Father Barabass. He was bitterly opposed by one faction and the trouble has been getting more serious. As he entered the church this morning he was attacked by two women and dragged into the street. Here a great crowd of people attacked him and the police had a hard time to save him. Several arrests were made and serious trouble is looked for to-morrow.

Killed His Wife.

Astoria, July 29.—John Hansen confessed this afternoon to the murder of his wife at Bear Creek, six miles from this city, last Wednesday. He acknowledged that he committed the crime in order to secure money which she had under lock and key. He took the keys from the pockets of the dead woman and proceeded to rifle the bureau drawers. Not finding the money, as he expected, he called John Nyland, a laborer on the farm, and told him his wife had been killed. Hansen states that the weapon used by him in committing the crime was a club. His demeanor up to 3 o'clock this morning was phenomenally cool, and he betrayed no evidence of being affected except when the interment took place. About 10 o'clock to-night information was conveyed to Sheriff Smith that a mob of Fins and Scandinavians had gathered in upper town and only waited for a leader to assail the jail and lynch Hansen. Every precaution has been taken to protect the prisoner, and the sheriff declares that if Hansen is reached it will be with the sacrifice of many of the rioters' lives and after walking over his body.

Some new shades in plain ingrain Wallpapers with deep borders at Weller Bros.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

IMPALED ON A LEVER.

Shocking Death of a Young Woman on a Car.

Chicago, July 29.—A peculiar accident, which resulted in the death of one woman and the serious injury of three others, occurred at the east end of the Harrison street bridge this afternoon. An open car approached the bridge at a good rate of speed. As the car struck the east end of the bridge the latter shook and swayed up and down for a moment. The heavy pointed hardwood tightening lever at the end of the bridge fell from its fastenings and swung around directly against the car. Miss Nellie Riordan of No. 14 Seldon street sat near the outer edge of a seat and the pointed end of the lever struck her in the groin, passed through her body and made a hole in the back of the seat in which she was sitting. The lever extended 20 inches through the body of the woman, pinning her to the fragment of the seat left unbroken by the fearful crash. Witnesses of the accident ran up and were horrified by the fearful sight presented by the impaled woman. Blood was pouring from the wound in her side and flowing on the floor of the car. A doctor, who was summoned, said the woman would bleed to death if the lever was withdrawn from her body.

A saw was procured and the lever was sawn off two feet from Miss Riordan's body. The woman, with a portion of the lever still penetrating her body, was conveyed to the county hospital. The attending physician said she would probably bleed to death as soon as the piece of lever was removed. She retained consciousness and was told that she would probably die. The surgeons then removed the piece of the lever from her body, after which she sank rapidly, and in a few minutes died from the loss of blood.

The flying splinters made by the bridge lever crashed through the seats of the car, endangering many lives.

The New Reichstag.

Berlin, July 29.—An analysis of the new reichstag reveals that only four Hebrews hold seats, all of them Socialists. Rather more than a quarter of the members are of noble birth. There is a preponderance of land owners and farmers, the number reaching 145, but there are no fewer than 110 lawyers in the new house. Among the members of other professional divisions noted is a master chimney sweep.

Salvationists' Convention.

Lake Bluff, Ill., July 31.—A northwestern convention of the Salvation Army opened here Saturday and will continue for a week. Detachments from all over the northwest have arrived, and the convention promises to be the largest that the army has held in this part of the country. Among the prominent army officers that came here to-day were Maj. Evans and wife of New York, Maj. French and wife of Holland, Staff Capt. Blanche Cox of India and Brigadier Fielding and wife. Revival services after the most approved Salvation Army method are to be held daily at 6 a. m., 11 a. m., 3 p. m. and 7 p. m. A feature of the convention this week will be the hallelujah wedding of Capt. Edwin Paige and Capt. Millie North. Swedish officers and soldiers are especially strong in the convention.

Meadowcroft Bros.' Failure.

Chicago, July 31.—A meeting of the creditors of the recently suspended banking house of Meadowcroft Bros., which failed with liabilities of over $400,000, and alleged assets to the same amount, is being held behind closed doors in the Rialto building this afternoon. Despite the statements of members of the firm the creditors are doubtful whether they will secure anything more than a nominal settlement. Among the figured assets are overdrafts made by members of the firm, and aggregating nearly $30,000. It is also charged that the receiver has $200,000 worth of paper in his assets that are simply notes made by an individual who could not raise $50 if given a week to do it. There are other notes for which a complete defense is claimed and that are unlikely to realize anything to the estate. Altogether the failure appears to be a disastrous one despite the fact that the partners insist that everyone will come out all right.

Exploring Death Valley.

San Francisco, July 29.—A. D. Barton, who for some time past has been at the head of an exploring expedition through Death Valley, in almost unknown localities in the wildest parts of Inyo county, Cal., and in Lincoln county, Nevada, has returned to the city and tells strange and remarkably interesting stories of the curious resources of this far away region.

Dead men marked their pathway. He says they discovered the dried up bodies of no less than five men, who long since perished. One of the strangest things Barton and his party saw and examined was a mountain of kaolin at the mouth of the Amargosa river in Inyo county. This is the material of which the finest chinaware is made.

Beyond that the party came across great nitrate of soda deposits and 20 miles north of the latter salt mines were found.

On the top of the mountains, between Death valley and Amargosa, is a mine of topaz.

"In Ash Meadows, Lincoln county," said Barton, "the cattle grazing over the surface do well for a time, but if they are there too long the white mineral deposit of the surface injures their feet, giving them a sort of rheumatism or paralysis of the lower parts. As a result, I have seen as many as 15 or 20 grazing about on their knees, which were worn through to the bone. The Indians usually kill and eat these injured cattle."

How to Get "Sunlight" Picture

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Ticket Scalpers' Last Day.

St. Paul, Minn., July 31.—Under the law enacted by the last legislature this is the last day of grace for ticket-scalpers, and all persons selling railroad tickets, including every agent of every railroad company represented in the state, must by midnight to-night be provided with a certificate of authority from his company and also with a state certificate, or be liable to arrest for violation of the law. The latter is extremely stringent, making it an offense for anyone to sell, barter or transfer railroad tickets or other evidence of the holder's right to travel, except he be provided with a license from the railroad or steamboat company over whose line the ticket is issued, together with a license from the secretary of state. Most of the scalpers have already decided to submit to arrest and appeal to the courts to declare the law unconstitutional. A similar law has already been declared void by the supreme court of Indiana.

Northern Pacific.

Double trains daily to St. Paul, Milwaukee and Chicago without change of cars. Connects at St. Paul and Chicago for all points east and south. Superior Pullman sleepers, upholstered tourist cars and dining cars on all through trains. Direct service to the Yellowstone national park. Fast time and all the reduced rates offered patrons of this line. For full information call or address E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent, Adelphi building, Victoria.

TRUE PHILANTHROPY.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I will mail free to all sufferers the means by which I was restored to health and manly vigor after years of suffering from Nervous Weakness, I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in mankind, but thanks to heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I have nothing to sell and no scheme to extort money from anyone whomsoever, but being desirous to make this certain cure known to all, I will send free and confidential to anyone full particulars of just how I was cured. Address with stamps:—

MR. EDWARD MARTIN (Teacher),
P.O. Box 143, Detroit, Mich.

General Dispatches.

Bay City, Mich., July 29.—This afternoon the big $100,000 wooden steamer Thomas Cranage was successfully launched in the presence of a large crowd of people. She is the biggest wooden vessel ever built, and is a sort of experiment on account of her immense size. She is 324 feet over all, 43 feet 6 inches beam and 26 feet deep. Her engines are triple expansion, 20x33x54 inches in diameter, with 42-inch stroke.

Chicago, July 31.—The advance guard of the delegates to the great national silver convention, which opens to-morrow, is expected to-day. A large portion of these will have difficulty in obtaining accommodation at the hotels in the centre of the city, as these are already filled to overflowing with World's Fair visitors. They will therefore be compelled to seek a temporary habitation at the hotels around the Fair grounds.

Chicago, July 31.—The great convention of commercial travellers closed today with a business meeting of the Columbia Travellers' Association at the Art Institute, at which measures were decided upon for an active campaign with the view of increasing the membership of the order.

Mrs. Anna Sutherland

Kalamazoo, Mich., had swellings in the neck, or

Goitre From her 10th year, causing 40 Years great suffering. When she caught cold could not walk two blocks without fainting. She took

Hood's Sarsaparilla

And is now free from it all. She has urged many others to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and they have also been cured. It will do you good.

HOOD'S PILLS Cure all Liver Ills, Jaundice, sick headache, biliousness, sour stomach, nausea.

Johnston's Fluid Beef

maintains its high standard as

A Perfect Beef Food

STAMINAL

Is a Food and a Tonic combined.

It contains the feeding qualities of *Beef and Wheat* and the tonic qualities of *Hypophosphites* in the form of a

Palatable Beef Tea.

MILK GRANULES

Is the Perfect Equivalent of Mother's Milk

It contains nothing that is not naturally present in purecow's milk

It is the natural food for an Infant deprived of its mother's milk.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

City of Victoria, British Columbia.

TENDERS FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 22nd August, 1893, for the purchase of Debentures of the corporation of the City of Victoria amounting to $85,000 in sums of $1000 each, payable in fifty years from 3rd July, 1893, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per centum per annum payable half yearly, with principal and interest payable in currency or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound sterling at the Bank of British North America, either at New York, U. S. A., or Montreal or Victoria, Canada.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, from July 3rd, 1893, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of the Educational Loan By-Law, 1893, with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk's Office, City Clerk.
Victoria, B. C., July 17, 1893.

City of Victoria, British Columbia.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DEBENTURES

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Broad Street Local Improvement Debentures," will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 22nd August 1893, for the purchase of "Local Improvement Debentures," amounting to $10,788, payable in ten years from November 24,1892, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, with principal and interest payable at Victoria, B. C. The tenderer must state the net price at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price, the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 5 per cent. from 24th November, 1892, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Broad Street Local Improvement By-Law, 1892," and are secured by a special rate imposed by that by-law, and on that security only.

The total assessed value of the whole real property ratable under the above by-law, according to the assessment roll of 1892, is $655,384.

The corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office,
Victoria, B. C., July 17th, 1893.

Notice of Removal.

DR. GARROW has removed his office to Room 1, Moody Block, Residence, 21 Queen's Avenue. m19-tf

The Creditors' Trusts Deeds Act, 1890.

Notice is hereby given that Adam Grant Horne, of the city of Nanaimo, British Columbia, merchant, has by deed dated the 17th day of July, 1893, assigned all his real and personal property, except as therein mentioned, to James Hill Lawson, of the city of Victoria, B.C., gentleman, for the benefit of his creditors, which said deed was executed by the said Adam Grant Horne and James Hill Lawson on the 17th day of July, 1893.

All persons having claims against the said Adam Grant Horne are required to send them in on or before the 17th day of August, 1893, to the said assignee, with full particulars in writing, signed by the party claiming.

And notice is hereby given that after the said date the assignee will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate among the creditors, having regard only to the debts, claims and demands of which the said assignee shall then have had notice.

Dated at Victoria, B.C., this 18th day of July, 1893.

BELYEA & GREGORY,
Solicitors for the Assignee.
July 18-10t.

Naval Contracts.

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Tuesday, 1st of August next, for supplying such quantities of soft bread, salt beef, lime, coffins, and digging graves as may be required for naval purposes.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tenders can be obtained at this office.

JAMES H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, etc.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, 1 July, 1893. 31-td

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between the undersigned, John Robert Kerr and Roderick Begg, doing business on Government street, in the city of Victoria, in the province of British Columbia, under the name and style of Kerr & Begg, has been dissolved by mutual consent, and all persons indebted to us are authorized and directed to pay the amount of their accounts to John Robert Kerr, to whom they have been assigned, who will carry on the business at the old stand in his own name.

JOHN ROBERT KERR.
RODERICK BEGG.

July 19th-2w.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, George Road.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

Tickets to and from Europe via CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to

ALLAN CAMERON,
General Steamship Agent,
Cor. Fort and Gov't St.

A Novel

—FOR—

3 1/3 cts.

CHOICE BOOKS almost Given Away to Readers of the

VICTORIA TIMES

The BEST BOOKS by the Best Authors at One-Third of their Value.

The Times' Book Offer

To any Times subscriber who will send us Four of the following Coupons (which may be cut from four issues of the same date, or from four issues of different dates), accompanied by Ten Cents in postage stamps, we will send post-paid by mail Any Three Books to be selected by yourself from the list printed below:—

The Victoria Times Coupon.

Numbers of the 3 Books Wanted .....

Your Name .....

Your Address, No. ..... Street

Town or City .....

Cut out and send to this office Four of the above Coupons, together with Ten Cents, and we will send you post-paid Any Three of the following books:—

No. 1. THE SCARLET LETTER. By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 2. THE MYSTERY OF COLDE FELL; or, NOT PROVEN. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 3. UNDER THE RED FLAG. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 4. KING SOLOMON'S MINES. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 5. AROUND THE WORLD IN EIGHTY DAYS. By Jules Verne.
No. 6. THE CORSICAN BROTHERS. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 7. LADY GRACE. By Mrs. Henry Wood.
No. 8. AVERIL. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 9. THE BLACK DWARF. By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 10. A NOBLE LIFE. By Miss Mulock.
No. 11. THE BELLE OF LYNN; or, THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 12. THE BLACK TULIP. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 13. THE DUCHESS. By "The Duchess."
No. 14. NURSE REVEL'S MISTAKE. By Florence Warden.
No. 15. MERLE'S CRUSADE. By Rosa Nouchette Carey.
No. 16. A STUDY IN SCARLET. By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 17. ROCK RUIN; or, THE DAUGHTER OF THE ISLAND. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens.
No. 18. LORD LISLE'S DAUGHTER. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 19. THE ARMORER OF TYRE. By Sylvanus Cobb, Jr.
No. 20. MR. GILFIL'S LOVE STORY. By George Eliot.
No. 21. A SCARLET SIN. By Florence Marryatt.
No. 22. THE SEA KING. By Captain Marryatt.
No. 23. THE SIEGE OF GRANADA. By Sir E. Bulwer Lytton.
No. 24. MR. MEESON'S WILL. By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 25. JENNY BARLOWE. By W. Clarke Russell.
No. 26. BEATON'S BARGAIN. By Mrs. Alexander.
No. 27. THE SQUIRE'S DARLING. By Charlotte M. Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 28. THE RUSSIAN GIPSY. By Alexander Dumas.
No. 29. THE WANDERING HEIR. By Charles Reade.
No. 30. FLOWER AND WEED. By Miss M. E. Braddon.
No. 31. NO THOROUGHFARE. By Chas. Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 32. THE GREAT HOGGARTY DIAMOND. By W. M. Thackeray.

The above books are well printed and bound in paper covers. They are sold regularly at retail for ten cents each, so that our offer enables our readers to buy them at one-third of their value. It is a chance to secure standard works of fiction at merely nominal cost.

One of the above coupons will be published in every issue of the Times until further notice. Cut out and save them until you have four, when they can be sent to the office and the three books of your selection obtained. Then you can again save the coupons until you have four more when you can secure three more books, and so on.

We make this liberal offer, whereby some of the best works of fiction in the English language may be secured by our readers for the merest trifle of expense, in order to increase our circulation. Our Present Readers will Greatly Oblige us by Calling the attention of their Friends to the fact that by buying The Times they can secure the advantages of our Great Book Offer. Address:—

(N.B.—Of the stock of books first received, several of the numbers in the above list are exhausted, but another supply will be received in two weeks' time. All orders which include any of the missing novels will be filed pending arrival of new supply. This explanation will account for any delay that may occur in receiving books.)

THE TIMES,
Victoria, B. C.

INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

Gleanings From the Exchanges of the Upper Country.

KOOTENAY'S BIG TREASURE CHESTS

Prospectors Pouring in Rapidly—New Claims Staked off Every Day—Rich Samples Brought in—Development Work Being Done.

(Golden Era.)

The government dredge, which has been built here, was taken up the river this week.

Good copper ore, and an abundance of it, too, has, we are informed, been struck on the Canal Flat copper mine.

Several prospectors have gone up the river this week. Gold mining is assuming vast proportions here.

There is a rush of gold seekers from Donald to Quartz Creek. We saw some very nice colors from that locality this week.

John McRae is still busy on the Jubilee Mountain taking out copper ore, which he intends shipping to England this fall.

General mining reports are good throughout the camp and in consequence many people are coming in to investigate for themselves.

Work on the Wild Horse placer works is going along nicely. Mr. McVittie deserves credit for the work he is doing there. D. Griffith is also doing it fine in mining, so we hear.

We hear there is an agitation on foot to stop the Stoney Indians from coming into the shooting grounds up river. This sort of thing should be seen to without any delay. Another case for the authorities that be.

We had the pleasure of seeing some splendid looking concentrates from the Thunder Hill mines this week. It is a fact that the mill is now running regularly and that the whole of the machinery is working like oil.

Mr. Dawson, C. E., is at Hector looking into the matter of introducing electricity for the purpose of obtaining power for hauling the trains from Field up the heavy grade on the big hill. Another electrician has also been here recently with Mr. Dawson for the same purpose.

Allan Granger came back from Fort Steele on Monday. He says that there is considerable activity in that camp and likely to continue. Up to date 72 records have been made for 1893, as against last year from Jan. 1st to Dec. 31st there were only 60. This great increase speaks well for the development in hand.

The Smelter Townsite company have come forward splendidly in connection with the hospital scheme now on foot here. They have not only given a good sum of money towards the erection of the building, but have also made an offer of twenty lots free. The only stipulation is that the selection is not to be made on Fourth avenue. Great praise is therefore due this company, as well as thanks from the public and the committee.

John E. Askwith, who has for such a long time been known as the owner of the Bobbie Burns gold mine, McMurdo basin, East Kootenay, has returned this week from the coast, where he has succeeded in forming a syndicate, composed of some of the leading mining men in Victoria, with a capital of $300,000. The usual legal formalities have to be gone through, after which active operations will take place on the mill, which is now in position on the mine.

(Kootenay Star.)

C. F. Blackburn, to whom the Great Northern was bonded last winter, has taken up the bond, paying down $9,000 cash.

Tom Downes reports that the Silver Cup improves with depth. Recent samples of the ore have assayed 23 per cent. silver.

The trail up Lardeau Creek is early completed. It extends some miles up both the north and south forks. It is a good trail and reflects great credit on Messrs. Thompson and Coudell.

H. Lindeborn has located a vein of copper ore which assays 80 per cent. Ore containing nickel was discovered on the east range a few days ago. No assay has yet been made, but it appears to be fairly good.

About twenty men are camped on Healey Creek. Great indignation is expressed at the theft from Campbell & Co. of nearly 400 pounds of provisions. No clue has yet been obtained to the perpetrators. It is likely to go hard with them if caught.

Prospectors from the eastern part of Kootenay are making their way towards Kembasket Lake and Big Bend, where the yellow metal is to be met with in both placer and quartz. The trail from Donald to the gold country is being cleared and extended as far as Kombasket Lake.

G. O. Buchanan of Kaslo, was a visitor to Revelstoke on Wednesday. He reports a good business in lumber and has increased the output of his mill to 40,000 feet a day. Kaslo is progressing steadily and the people don't want another boom. Mr. Buchanan has received requests from several quarters to become a candidate for parliamentary honors at the next election.

Quite an excitement took place last week at the discovery of quartz and placer gold on Quartz creek, about five miles below Porcupine creek, where a lot of gold has been taken out and a government trail made. Mr. Redgrave has issued a number of free miners' certificates and ten placer claims have been recorded, as well as quartz claims. A resident of Donald has obtained a lease of a valuable ledge of free-milling gold, and a syndicate is about to be found to work it.

J. W. Haskins came up on the steamer Illecillewaet on Tuesday looking extremely healthy and very much tanned. He has made two or three good discoveries—one of nickel—in the vicinity of Trout Lake and located two additional claims. He has a dozen men at work on the ten claims comprising the Haskins group, all of which are to be developed this season, although no ore will be shipped until better transport facilities are obtained for the Lardeau. They are sinking a shaft and tunnelling on the Abbott, the lode on which is looking splendid. Mr. Haskins will go to Big Bend shortly.

Several rumors concerning the Revelstoke & Arrow Lake road are in circulation. It is true the C. P. R. are cutting down expenses, that 300 of the company's employees at Montreal and every sixth man on the Pacific division, as well as all the Chinamen, have been discharged, and that the clearing of the C. P. R. townsite has been stopped, but the new railway is still going on and it is hoped will be in running order by the end of the year.

Three of the richest strikes ever made in the district have occurred in the Lardeau during the past ten days, and which, in the opinion of such a well-known mining expert as C. F. Blackburn, will assay up in the hundreds and even thousands per ton. All the lodes are well defined and of great size. One of them is on the north fork of the Lardeau and is composed of copper-silver glance. Another, of grey copper and galena, showing native gold, is on the South Lardeau (Gainer creek). Both these are in the vicinity of Trout Lake City. The third is a big ledge of grey copper-chloride about 11 miles up Fish creek from Lardeau City. It was discovered by three prospectors named Redcliffe, Clark and Washington, who brought down huge samples weighing about 100 pounds. They staked three claims on the ledge—the Happy Jack, Great Britain and Dreadnaught. Great excitement prevailed at Thompson's Landing and Lardeau City on receipt of the news, and at once a rush was made up the creek to stake claims. B. Wrode, of the Lardeau Hotel, brought up some large samples for assay on Tuesday and went on to Vancouver the same night. A. H. Holdich, assayer, reports that the sample submitted contains copper, antimony, gold and silver. Further particulars will be given next week.

(The Miner.)

C. A. Griffith, the Great Falls smelter man, came down from Kaslo on Friday. He says the smelters are not purchasing ore at present except for the purpose of cleaning up.

On Wednesday morning a gang of about fifteen men commenced work out at Kaslo erecting the poles and preparing the way for the new C.P.R. telegraph system connecting the Kootenay Lake country with the main C.P.R. system direct.

W. A. Allen, of Ottawa, the representative of an eastern syndicate having extensive mining properties, has gone into the Slocan to look at the Wellington group and other properties. Mr. Allen informed the Miner that if he could arrange with the smelters to take his ore he would continue work all winter, as the ore would stand the decline in silver. Two extensive shipments of this ore netted over 300 ounces to the ton, so the owners have not much to fear.

Messrs. Jowett and Chadbourne have given instructions to have considerable work done on the Abbott group of mines in the Slocan. The work will be commenced at once under Engineer Walton. A gang of twelve men have started for the property under Foreman Cody. The men will be kept at work constantly for two months at least, doing assessment and development work. These mines were bonded for the London Mercantile Association by Messrs. Jowett and Chadbourne last fall.

Gold Commissioner Fitzstubbs has not the highest form of regard for the ability of the Kaslo wagon road committee. The gold commissioner explained that while the road was in the committee's hands over $7000 of the Government appropriation had been spent. Upwards of 35 men were employed on the work, including a number of "rockmen." The wages paid were higher than any paid on any other Government work of similar nature, embracing a foreman at $6 per day with $2 per day additional for his horse.

(The Nelson Tribune.)

The new court house at Nelson is to be wired for electric lights, and it will also have electric bells in the different offices.

A school house will be erected at Thail by private parties. Already two seven-months terms have been held, the teacher being paid by subscription.

There are fourteen men at work on the No. 1 mine at Ainsworth and three on the Highland. Work has not yet been resumed on the Shaffer company tunnel.

On Wednesday a gang of fourteen men commenced work at Kaslo on the Canadian Pacific telegraph line from Nelson to Revelstoke. The gang will have the line through to New Denver in fifteen days.

The "tote" road along the route of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway is completed over into the valley of Salmon river, and will be through to a connection with the one from the Nelson end within two weeks.

Henry Cody and a party of nine miners left Ainsworth last week to do development work on the Hankins group of mines on Healey creek, in the Lardo country. The report was that the work was to be done in the interest of a Mr. Walton.

Drifts in the Trail creek district are being run from both the 100 and the 200 levels in the Le Roi mine, the work making good progress, the men working eight-hour shifts. The machinery for the War Eagle, that is, two Burleigh drills, a steam engine and an air compressor, is now at the mine. It is stated that a diamond drill will also be brought in, so as to more rapidly prospect Trail creek mines.

A meeting of the Deluge hook and ladder company was held on Tuesday afternoon, at which the president of the company was instructed to take steps to incorporate the company, in order that title could be obtained to the lots set apart by the late John Robson for the uses of the fire department at Nelson. The president was also instructed to erect a fire hall on the lots in question at a cost not to exceed $400. Tenders will be called for the work.

Three months ago Frank Hanna of Trail started in alone and single-handed to build a waggon road from the town of Trail to the mines in Trail creek district. He stuck to it two and a-half days before anyone else came to his assistance. For a while the work was carried on by a few men, then the government stepped in and expended a little of its surplus money. To-day the road is completed for a distance of seven miles, and machinery like air compressors, steam engines, Burleigh drills, etc., is being hauled over it. The last half mile was completed by the mine owners. The road is a very good one considering its cost—$2800.

Mason's patent reliable Fruit Jars and Jellies in all sizes at Weller Bros.*

Finest shaves for 15 cents. Driard baths, Trounce avenue.

ODDITIES OF A PHYSICIAN.

A Scotchman Who Wandered Over the Country Picking Up a Practice.

In the border counties of Scotland stories are going the round regarding the habits of a surgeon who died the other day after practising for the long period of 61 years. Eccentric, close-fisted and with a reputation for odd sayings, the doctor dressed like a tramp and was widely known over the borderland for his peculiar habits. Cuffs and collars were unknown to him, and his ordinary garb consisted of a pair of trousers and an overcoat buttoned tightly at the throat. In his waistcoat pocket he carried a pair of rusty forceps to extract teeth and also a quantity of powders These were of two kinds, white and black, and were almost the only medicines that he dispensed.

When he attended church he always left before the elders went round with the ladle, and with his saving habits is said to have left £10,000. The deceased used to pay half a crown a week for his room, and it is said used to watch if any of his landlady's family coughed so that he could say: "That bairn of yours has a cold; give her a hot groat and put her to bed." When the next Saturday came round he deducted a shilling for his professional advice.

Once he was called to a case where a woman had dislocated her jaw. He very soon put her right. The woman asked how much was to pay. The doctor named his fee. The patient thought it too much. He, however, would not take less, and as the woman would not give him the fee he began to yawn. Yawning, as every one knows, is infectious. The woman in turn yawned. Her jaw again went out of joint, and the doctor triumphantly said: "Now, until you hand me over my fee your jaw can remain as it is." Needless to say, the money was promptly paid.

The doctor's pony was known for its leanness. It is said he tried to feed it as he fed himself—entirely at other people's expense. The only thing he was ever known to buy for it was some pea bannocks from a baker. As far as possible he kept the pony walking on the grass to save its shoes, and he had a keen eye for bits of horseshoes which might be lying on the roads, and which he got the blacksmith to weld together. He had a whip for the pony with a crook at one end. This he used to gather tufts of wool as he rode through the moors. The wool he put in his pocket, and when he had a quantity gave it to the old women who might be due him on account to spin and knit into stockings for him.

A Blight on the Honeymoon.

The slush in Fulton street was ankle deep, but they didn't seem to notice it. It was raining with all the ingenuity of a March storm, but they had no umbrella, and as they stood arm in arm at Broadway and Fulton street, they looked as if they had been married about ten minutes. He was a thin young man with a brown Derby hat and a rather troubled look. She was young and pretty, and she wore a pair of white kid shoes and a big white hat with pink roses all over it, and she was too happy to think of the weather.

"Oh, William," she whispered, as she nestled closer to the thin young man, "isn't it glorious to be alone together, darling, in a great city?"

The thin young man made no reply. The rainwater was dripping from his brown Derby—like medicine out of a patent dropper.

"All alone," she continued, gazing blissfully at the tower on the Western Union building, and getting a firmer grip on the thin young man's arm; "home and friends far away, and though the multitude is surging around us, we two are alone together, dearest, and its me and you against the world, ain't it, William, dearest?"

William made no response. He shook some of the rainwater off of his soggy brown Derby, and then he said: "Lo's go back to the hotel, Martha, and set down. If we was tied up like chickens to stand around on one leg in the rain, I wouldn't mind. But there's a hole in my left gum aplumpin water like a house afire, and I tell you, Martha, this sort of thing is squeezin' the honeymoon."—New York Tribune.

The Uses of Mica.

Mica fills the interstices of modern progress. A few decades ago we were seeking practical use and market for the output of mica mines; now they found; now we are seeking new mines to supply the multifarious uses to which mica can be applied. Thus the law of necessity changes in its relation to all things.

Mica is now as essential to the various uses of electricity as this great force is necessary to modern progress. In all appliances for electric lighting and power the most important reciprocal agent entering into their mechanism is mica. All armatures are built up with its insuation, whether for dynamos, motors, generators or transformers. Without its use as an insulator between the armature would burn out with a flash. But by placing sheets of mica between the thin sheets of iron, which are secured to the shaft that runs through the drum of the armature, insulation becomes perfect. Thus the armatures of even the largest generators can be run for twenty-four hours continuously without heating them more than 80 degrees Fahrenheit above the temperature of the surrounding air. By this use of mica the lines of force are dissipated, but do not lose any of their electrical energy.

In all electrical safety appliances mica always plays an important part as an insulator. To its infusible and indestructible nature much of the success of the rheostat can be ascribed. This wonderful mechanism, which is applied as a motor starter, a governor of speed, a reversing switch, and an automatic safety switch, is absolutely fireproof and can be subjected to red heat without mechanical injury. This is rendered possible by making the resistance of thin plates of iron packed closely together, but separated by mica.

Thus the lines of force operate on the same principle as in the armature. Aside from these important uses of mica in electrical apparatus, it is also applied to a thousand minor uses, which make it the constant and willing servant of the greatest power that man has turned to intelligent subjugation.

Mica is also an important factor in many branches of manufacture and art. Owing to its peculiar elasticity and toughness, qualities in which it is not excelled by anything natural or artificial, it is used as an absorbent of nitro-glycerine, and when so used explosions by the usual means of percussion are rendered almost impossible, while at the same time nothing is taken from the energy of the nitro-glycerine when exploded by fulminates or similar devices. For such purpose the plumose mica is used, or that in which the scales are arranged in feathery form.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

An Immense Crane.

What is said to be the largest pillar crane in the world was recently completed on the Plantiston quay at Glasgow. It has lifted 150 tons without difficulty, although its greatest working load is 20 tons less. The framing, shafting and jib are all of steel, while the gearing is practically all of cast steel. The cane revolves on a steel pathway on seventy-five steel rollers, and the centre is a strong casting weighing nine tons. The diameter of the roller path is thirty-three feet and its weight twelve tons. The jib is of the twin tube type, each tube being three and a half feet in diameter at the centre and ninety feet long. From the level of the quay to the centre of the jib-top pulley is 100 feet, and to the top of the foundation twenty feet. The main hoisting drum is five feet two inches in diameter and ten feet long. The gross weight of the crane is 370 tons, and it cost $80,000.

Warding Off Seasickness.

There are countless remedies suggested to the seasick traveler, by means of which hope of speedy recovery is held out, and to the intending traveller by sea it is safe to say that there are given any number of supposed-to-be-sure preventives of this troublesome but never dangerous illness. There is not any known herb, drug or thing of action that will prevent seasickness if once you start to on that disagreeable path, but there are many things that will help to ward off an attack which will indeed prove of value to those who dread so much the crossing of the great Atlantic or Pacific ferries. It is advisable before one starts on such a voyage to be particularly careful as to their diet. On the first day out keep as much upon the feet as possible and do not be tempted to eat too heavily of the numerous palatable dishes that will be set before you. Walking up and down the deck continuously is advised by many by arguing that one more quickly becomes used to the motion of the vessel in this exercise, and the fatigue which it induces brings the much-needed sleep. But it is useless to wear one's self out helping to have off the feeling of nausea if it once attacks you.

Lemons are most grateful to persons in this stage, and there is no better settler of an unruly stomach than iced champagne. If you do not feel inclined to eat do not force yourself to go to the table, for it is ten chances to one that the very sight of food will make you retire ignominiously from the festive board. A well-known medical man declares that fifteen grains of sulphate of quinine taken from two to four hours before sailing will prevent all feeling of sealickness, even to a most sensitive subject. Whether this applies in all cases we have no way of ascertaining, but it is quite simple enough to be followed out, and if it prove helpful it is worthy of all the confidence such an authority places in it.—Philadelphia Times.

Ruskin on British Ironclads.

The terrible tragedy of the Victoria recalls Mr. Ruskin's observations on the British navy in "The Pleasures of England." "Nothing could be more absurd," said Mr. Ruskin, "than the loss of the Captain and the London, unless it were the loss of the Eurydice—without her Orpheus then. There was nothing the matter except that governments were donkeys—enough to build in iron instead of wood, just in order that the ironmongers might get their commissions. They were honest enough, these governments, but they allowed the ironmongers to work them around like screws. Who ever heard of a Venetian man-of-war going over? A gale was nothing at all to a wooden ship. Venice would have laughed at it, rejoiced in it. They never heard of a Venetian being upset or making for the shore. Why? Because they had been broken in to the life of the rough sea. . . . You went under Napier and knocked your heads against Cronstadt, and Cronstadt cared no more for you than if you had been a flight of swallows or sparrows. Then you went and knocked your heads against Sebastopol, and, in spite of all the lies in the newspapers, everyone knew that the British fleet had been thoroughly well licked. And now you have been bombarding Alexandria, and narrowly escaped being done for by a few Arabs. So much for the proud supremacy of the British ironclads.

There is on the lone, lone sea
A spot, unmarked but holy;
For there the gallant and the free
On their ocean beds lie lowly.

Down, down beneath the deep,
That oft to glory bore them,
They sleep a calm and peaceful sleep,
Wih salt waves dashing o'er them.

And tho' no stone may tell
Their name, their worth, their glory,
They live in hearts that loved them well,
They grace Britannia's story.

The "Twinkle" of Stars.

If we look intently at a bright star we notice that the color and intensity of the light is constantly changing from brilliancy to almost total obscurity and from bright red to blue, orange, yellow, etc. This is the phenomenon usually spoken of as the "twinkling" or scintillation of the stars. The "twinkling" will be noticed more plainly when the star is near the horizon, and will diminish in intensity as it rises until it is near the zenith, at which time the twinkling is scarcely noticeable. It ought to be confessed that this twinkling has never been explained to the satisfaction of all investigators. However, it is generally believed to be due to controlling causes within the earth's atmosphere. That the cause may be looked for within the belt of air that surrounds our planet (to particles of vapor, dust, etc.) may be inferred from the fact that the planets never exhibit the characteristic twinkling so noticeable in the star. One reason for this is the size (apparent) of the planets. The planets each show a sensible disk even to the naked eye, while the strongest instrument in the world only shows the stars as being mere points of light. This being the case, any foreign substance in the atmosphere would momentarily hide the light and make the star appear to "twinkle."

French Monument to Champlain.

The corporation of Saintes in the Charente lately invited the Canadian Commissioner-General in France, Mr. Fabre, to attend the fetes there on the occasion of the unveiling of a monument to Champlain, the founder of Quebec, and a native of Saintes. Mr. Fabre, accompanied by Mrs. Fabre, was received at the station, decorated with flowers and foliage, by the Prefect, the Mayor, the Deputies of the department and all the local authorities. Mr. Fabre, in the course of an after-dinner speech, said the relations between Canada and France had never been destroyed. Addressing Col. Gascoigne, he said: "Canadians see French naval men only. It is a great pleasure to me to see a representative of your army, which we all admire." The Colonel replied that it was a great satisfaction to command the Sixth Regiment, which fought for the independence of Canada. He meant, no doubt, that his regiment fought to prevent Canada from passing from the hands of France to those of England.

A Battle for Blood

Is what Hood's Sarsaparilla vigorously fights, and it is always victorious in expelling all the foul taints and giving the vital fluid the quality and quantity of perfect health. It cures scrofula, salt rheum, boils and other troubles caused by impure blood.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills. 25c. Sent by mail on receipt of price by C. I. Hood & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to Section 12 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-Law, 1885," which provides that

From the first day of April to the 13th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating or street sprinkling, except during the hours between 5 o'clock in the evening and 9 o'clock in the following morning, and on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In Central Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays;

In South Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays; and

In North Ward, on Wednesday and Saturdays.

And the water of the said Waterworks shall not be used for irrigating or street sprinkling outside the limits of the said City.

By order,

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., June 5th, 1893.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street Victoria.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 2.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| | | |

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m31-tf

FOR SALE—100 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ¼ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,000. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. feb1-tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy3-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 81.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 181. jul8

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Cow and wood for sale e22-1y

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m. on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5715, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
f813 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja13 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy28 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 126, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, between the two lodges. Visiting companions cordially invited.
1-tf R. LANGLEY, Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
6019 E. PEMBERTON, K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREWS & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their new hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
R. C. SMITH Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. MARY MACNEILL.
Diseases of women and children. Office: 90 Douglas Street. Ju21 3m

DR. H. B. FINDLEY,
Dentist.
60 Government Street, Rooms 1 and 2, Victoria, B. C. Specialties—Crown and Bridge Work, Porcelain and Enamel Inlays. jy3-1m

PIANOS TUNED.
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Of thirty years standing in the City. Pianos, Organs and all kinds of Musical Instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired.
Address—Room 3, Gospel Hall, Oriental Avenue, between Yates and Johnson Streets.

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L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

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PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Repairs supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B.C. Telephone call 139

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist.
Toothache cured at once without pain for 20 cents. Address by letter or call at his residence, No. 56 Pandora Street. City Agents:—Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson St.; C. E. Jones, Druggist, Government St.; R. J. Atwood, Druggist, Douglas St.; C. H. Bower, Druggist, 27 Johnson St.

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S. A. STODDART,
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Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practicle experience of over 25 years. mar4

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HAMPERS,
FLOWER POTS,
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Prices lower than ever.
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Largest and most advanced School of Oratory in Canada.
DEPARTMENTS—School of Voice Culture, School of Physical Culture, School of Dramatic Art.
Fall Term September 12.
For Catalogue address Francis Joseph Brown, care of Y.M.C.A., Toronto, Ont.

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MONDAY AND TUESDAY EVENINGS,
July 31st and August 1st
TUESDAY CHILDREN'S MATINEE.
Samuel & Giovannis'

TRAINED ANIMAL SHOW,
A most wonderful collection of Trained Animals, consisting of
Shetland Ponies, Dogs, Goats, Monkeys,
And Signor Giovannis' troupe of Twenty-five Trained Tropical and Australian Cockatoos.
Something new, novel and entertaining, which never fails to please and amuse the children and bring demonstrations of approval and roars of laughter from the older folks.
Door open at 7.30; performance begins at 8.30 sharp.
ADMISSION—Evening performance, 75c., 50c., and 25c. Children's Matinee, Tuesday afternoon at 2.30, admission 50c; children 25c.
Grand Street Parade each day at noon.
jy26 4t

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

LOST—Irish setter bitch pup; 7 months old; on Work Estate; Saturday morning; finder rewarded; detainer prosecuted. A. W. Pauline, City. jy 29-2t

WANTED—A general servant. Apply Mrs. R. Foster, 51 Work street, Rock Bay. jy29-3t.

SITUATION WANTED—By thoroughly domesticated person; housework; no small children. Address W.H., Times Office. jy29-2t.

SITUATION WANTED—In office or store; by young lady; six years' experience as bookkeeper. Address A.B., Times Office. jy29-2t.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A large tent; 16x20; nearly new, with fly. Address H.P., P. O., Victoria West. jy 29-2t

TO LET—One sixroomed house and stable at $8 per month; three six-roomed houses at $6; three five-roomed houses at $5.50; two four-roomed houses at $5. Apply to C. Farrington, 12 North road, Spring Ridge. jy28-4t.

FOR SALE—House and lot; James Bay; price $1,650. For particulars apply after 6 p.m. at Walker's Grocery Store, Esquimalt road. jy28-1w.

WANTED—Situation as housekeeper or any place of trust, by a trustworthy person. Address A. A., Times office. jy27-1w

ROTISSERIE—A first-class central place for a Rotisserie may be secured by application to A. De Cosmos. jy27-1w

WANTED—A teacher for Fort Simpson Public school. Duties to commence August 15th.—Salary $60 per month. Address Jno. Fiewin, Sec.-Treas., Fort Simpson School Board. jy27-10t

LESSONS given in cutting and making boys', youths', and men's trousers at 151 Pandora Street, Mrs. Brown. jy27-6t

FOR SALE—Improved farm at Metchosin; 12 miles from Victoria; 50 acres; 10 acres cleared and under cultivation; frame house, chicken house and barn, etc. Cheap at $200. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. jy24-tf

FOR SALE—Improved farm, 160 acres, 8 acres cleared; 1 1-2 storey log house and four sheds; near McPherson's Station. Cheap at $1,200. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. jy25-tf

TO LET—5 roomed house off Saanich road, only $7. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. jy25-tf

TO LET—Furnished rooms and board by the day or week. 181 Fort street.

WANTED—Widow with two small children would like situation as house-keeper, country preferred. Address P. O. box 622.

CHEAP FOR CASH glazed window sash. Joseph Sears, 114 Yates St. jy12-1m

A LADY with a comfortable home desires the entire charge of a child. References. L. L. Times office. jy-1m

FOR SALE—A half interest in Pierre Block; easy terms; good chance for a merchant who is paying rent. For particulars apply at 100 Douglas street.

TO RENT—With immediate possession, the store now occupied by the undersigned. Apply on the premises. A. B. Gray & Co., Wharf street. 16 jo-tf

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Apply E., this office. je9-tf

Telephone 204.
Ring us up!
We will sell you
Groceries & Provisions
At Prices
Never offered before
To the Public.
Ask our Quotations before placing your orders elsewhere.
Free and speedy delivery of all orders.
FRANCK'S GROCERY
Cor. Fort and Quadra Sts.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada, at its next session, for an Act to revive, continue and extend the time within which the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Company, incorporated in the session of 1891, may construct its works and for other purposes.
By order of Provisional Directors.
A. DE COSMOS,
President V. S. & N. W. Ry. Co.
Victoria, B. C., July 10, 1893. j10-tf

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
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Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
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WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

CATTLE QUARANTINE.

The people of Alberta are now beginning to agitate for the abolition of the quarantine against cattle from the United States. To those who remember the part taken by Davis, M.P., and other Alberta ranchers in securing the enforcement of quarantine in this province this may seem a strange announcement, but it is none the less correct, if we may take the Calgary Tribune as an exponent of the Alberta people's views. The change of feeling, as might be inferred, has been caused by the scheduling of Canadian cattle in Great Britain, which the Tribune now expects to be continued. Our Calgary friend, with this expectation, turns to a suggestion made by Mr. William Pearce, of the Dominion Land Board, that the quarantine at the border be abolished, or at least modified so that the Alberta stockmen and farmers may import young cattle from the States and convert them into good fat beeves on the rich ranges of the Northwest. The Tribune highly commends the idea, speaking in this fashion:

> The quarantine—the abolition of which would enable settlers and ranchers to take advantage of the opportunity to buy young stock cheap in the United States and build them up on our nutritious grasses, with great profit to ourselves as Mr. Pearse has pointed out—is being grossly maintained, out of deference to an English prejudice which laughs at our precautions and treats us as if we were foreign enemies. Moreover, this quarantine, besides being a bill of expense to the Canadian Government, is a great detriment to the settlement of Alberta since intending settlers from south of the border are faced at once by a great loss through the forced sale of their cattle at inadequate prices. Under all the circumstances the folly of maintaining the 90 days' quarantine, with all its expense, its delays, and its vexations of various kinds, ought to be abolished forthwith. Our cattle interests, our settlement interests, and all other Albertan interests, are sufficient handicapped without the continuance of this infliction. There was not the slightest danger of contagion from the north before the burdensome quarantine was instituted; there will be none when the Government go back to the old status. We hope Mr. Pearce will press his views vigorously on the Government, especially as the action of the English authorities leaves Canada without excuse in maintaining this barrier against the introduction of settlers from the United States. If English interests are solely to be consulted by English legislation and English regulations—and this attitude we have no right to question, even though we may suffer for it—why should we hesitate to demand that Alberta and Northwest interests shall receive the first consideration? If we do not strike out for our own interests, who is going to do it for us?

These are brave words indeed, and we trust they may have immediate effect. We hope to see the Alberta men enabled to carry out their scheme of buying up young cattle across the line and making them fat, and that they may profit largely thereby. And of course, if they secure the great privilege for themselves they will be quite willing to see it extended also to British Columbia. In fact, the suspension of the quarantine regulations here would necessarily follow their suspension in Alberta, for the Dominion authorities could not well make "fish of one, flesh of another." We are therefore heartily glad to find the Alberta men embarking on this anti-quarantine crusade, and we wish them every success.

Some interesting statistics anent places of worship in Canada have been compiled from the recent census by Chief Commissioner George Johnstone, who finds that there are 10,480 church edifices throughout the land. Nearly 32 per cent. of these belong to the Methodist, 17 per cent. to the Presbyterians, 17 per cent. to the Roman Catholics, 16 per cent. to the Church of England, 12 per cent. to the Baptists and 6 per cent. to all other denominations. During 10 years the Baptists have increased the number of their churches by 324, the Catholics by 220, the Church of England by 415, the Methodists by 322 and the Presbyterians by 411. During the past 10 years the Church of England appears to have been the most active in providing places of worship for the people. The Presbyterians come next, the Baptists third, the Methodists fourth and the Catholics last. Territorially considered, Port Arthur being considered as the dividing line between east and west, the Church of England in the eastern province has provided 337 additional churches, and in the western 78; Methodists have provided 227 in the eastern and 95 in the western. Presbyterians have provided 302 in the eastern and 109 in the western; Roman Catholics have provided 257 in the eastern and 49 in the western; Baptists have provided 305 in the eastern and 19 in the western. Thus the Methodists have established 42 per cent. of the total additional number of churches in the western provinces, Presbyterians 32 per cent., Church of England 23 per cent., Roman Catholics 17 per cent., and Baptists 6 per cent. Of the total increase (1828), 408 belong to the western provinces, equal to over 22 per cent. One-fifteenth of the population have one-fifth of the increase in the number of churches. In the five eastern provinces there is one church for every 455 persons, and in the western provinces and the territories there is one church for every 500 persons. In churches the denominations have about kept pace with population in Manitoba, British Columbia and the territories.

It is very gratifying to find the Montreal Gazette throwing its powerful influence on the side of franchise reform, because this is an indication that the Dominion government is at least willing to consider the subject. Speaking of the present franchise act the Gazette says:

> After an experience of eight years two objections are brought by friends of the government against the measure now on the statute book: (1) that it lacks simplicity, and (2) is so expensive that it has been honored more in the breach than the observance. Both objections have force. The franchise act is so liberal in terms as practically to concede manhood suffrage, every British subject 21 years of age resident in Canada and not a pauper or lunatic being eligible for the franchise. Why not, then, express the electoral qualification in a single clause, instead of reaching the same end by means of a variety of franchises? Manhood suffrage with registration is the effect of the present act, and it ought to be stated in plain terms. In that way uniformity is obtained throughout the Dominion, and the principle of federal control of federal affairs preserved. The question of administration need not occasion any serious difficulty. Economy can be effected to some extent by taking the municipal lists as the basis of the Dominion lists, and then throwing the responsibility of registration upon the citizen. If any considerable number of persons do not choose to qualify by voluntary registration that is their own affair, and if when an election occurs they find themselves without a vote, they will have only themselves to blame. When parliament gives the subject the privilege of obtaining the franchise it has discharged its duty. A fixed time might be fixed for registration, either annually or on the eve of an election, although there are objections to the latter course, growing out of the consideration that the dissolution of parliament, under the British system, is liable to occur at any moment, and not at stated periods, as in the United States. "Manhood suffrage with registration," as against provincial franchises, with their lack of uniformity and restrictions, would be a winning policy with the people.

The Gazette puts the indictment against the act somewhat too mildly, but let that pass so long as the need of reform is conceded. We beg leave to suggest, however, that in addition to manhood suffrage and voluntary registration the principle of "one-man-one-vote" be adopted.

"It is a thousand pities, and, indeed, a reproach to our civilization that some way has not been found ere this to settle disputes between employers and employed amicably and fairly. Surely this is not impossible. There is enough wisdom and fairness in the world, when both sides are heard, and all the facts and conditions known, to decide equitably and to the advantage of all concerned, what is a fair day's wages for a fair day's work. But it seems at times as if that day would never arrive." So saith the Colonist. Perhaps this is meant as a reminder to the Provincial Government that the act of last session providing for the establishment of arbitration machinery has not been put in force. The Colonist should not forget that there are yet two months of grace, and that Col. Baker has not yet finished his holiday in England.

Kind Intentions Defeated.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 31.—Charles Roach, a telegraph operator in the Lake Shore station at Van Buren, had an exciting experience with a madman last night. About midnight a message was flashed into the dispatcher's office in this city by Roach in which he said a crazy man had nailed up the office doors and windows, imprisoning him, and that he was attempting to set fire to the building. Chief dispatcher Murray immediately sent word to a work train at Brockton to run to Van Buren to rescue the operator. When the train stopped in front of the station, the crazy man had dug a grave near the tracks and when asked what he intended to do, pointed to the imprisoned operator and said: "My partner in there lost all his money in a theatrical enterprise and I am going to bury him." He was coaxed on the train and turned over to the authorities at Dunkirk.

The Sixty Days' Clause.

New York, July 31.—This morning the savings banks of this city began to take advantage of the 60 days' time clause and made use of their prerogative in cases where large amounts were concerned or where such action was deemed necessary to check the withdrawal of money for hoarding or in senseless fright, but while nearly all the banks claimed the privilege of using the time clause, still in comparatively few instances was it applied. A visit to the principal savings banks of the city this morning disclosed the fact that about the usual amount of business was being done, perhaps a trifle more than the average number of depositors waiting their turns to draw money, but on the other hand in most banks there were correspondingly long lines of persons anxious to deposit money. The general impression seemed to be one of confidence in the banks. There did not seem to be anything like a "run" anywhere.

RETURN OF THE PHEASANT.

She Was Away in Southern Waters for Fourteen Months.

H. M. S. Pheasant returned from her cruise in southern waters yesterday, dropping anchor in Esquimalt harbor at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. A Times man was aboard today and learned the incidents of the voyage. The ship left here on May 15th, 1892, and went to Acapulco, Panama, Callao and Coquimbo, reaching the latter port in the beginning of August. She took stores there and returned to Callao, where she did her firing and drilling at the island of San Lorenzo, opposite the city. Later she cruised up and down the South American coast, meeting both the Warspite and Royal Arthur. She carried the Peruvian mails from Panama, as the regular steamers would have had to go into quarantine. As it was the mails were fumigated but the ship was not quarantined, that being agreed before the trip was made. She left for Esquimalt on June 10th, calling at Panama, San Jose de Guatemala, Acapulco, Magdalena Bay and San Diego. The ship will in all probability remain at the station for some time.

The officers of the Pheasant are: Lieutenant-commander, Edward H. Blair; lieutenants, F. W. Melvill, Arthur J. D. Macaulay; surgeon, George C. Barrett; engineer, James Brown; assistant paymaster, W. W. Alton; gunner, Chas. Ward.

HAVE GOOD CATCHES.

The Victoria Schooners in Japanese Waters Are Doing Very Well.

San Francisco, July 31.—A private letter from Hakodate, Japan, gives the catches of the sealers as follows: Umbrina, 1700 skins; Carlotta Cox, 1900; Beatrice, 1300; Mermaid, 1300; Louisa D, 746; Casco, 1400; May Belle, 1500; Libby, 1500; Annie C. Moore, 1700; and Arctic, of San Diego, 900. The Anaconda had 1300 skins and Sophie Sutherland, of San Francisco, 1700; and the Mary H. Thomas, of San Francisco, 800.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Thomas Pitkin was drowned at Brandon in the Assiniboine river.

Col. Duffield, representing the city of Detroit, has negotiated through brokers in Toronto a large loan upon Detroit bonds for that city.

During a bar-room fight at Three-Mile Creek, near Edmunston, N. B., Herbert Mercure was thrown on a pair of scales and had his neck broken. He died instantly.

The officers and men of H. M. S. Blake, now at Quebec, will send £200 to the fund for the relief of the relatives of those who went down with H. M. S. Victoria.

William Baltzer, of Stratford, Ont., while trying to stop a team drawing a self-binder, fell in front of the machine and was so frightfully mangled that death resulted in ten minutes.

The Calgary town council has reported favorably on granting a franchise for a street railway to Messrs. Leeson and Lincham, who promise to build and equip two miles of railway by June next.

A young man named Purdy, who was going to get married at Ottawa to a Miss Weston, all arrangements having been made for the affair, did not turn up when the appointed hour arrived.

All the hotelkeepers of Lobo township have been summoned before a magistrate for alleged violation of the local option law passed last January. They will refuse to pay fines and will appeal to a higher court, claiming the by-law was carried illegally.

A Belleville special says C. Alger, of Hudson, N. Y., is there inquiring into the feasibility of erecting smelting works at Belleville. He believes Belleville the most favorable point in Canada for such works, owing to the large iron ore deposits in North Hastings.

Red Deer, Alta., is in a fever of excitement over what has turned out to be an unfounded charge against a school teacher, Miss Dunkin. The charges were made by the Rev. Leo. Gaetz, and the residents are so incensed at his conduct that he was turned in effigy.

J. E. Hilton, foreman of the Bell Telephone Co. for Missisquoi county, eloped with Miss Bradshaw, the company's operator at Cowansville and took $300 of the company's money with him. The couple have been arrested at Denver, Col., and a detective has gone for them. Hilton has a wife and several children.

The parish of Varennes, about thirty miles below Montreal, celebrated on Wednesday its two hundredth anniversary, having been established in 1693. It is one of the oldest and best known parishes in the province and has been the birthplace of many distinguished men. The ceremonies were of a religious character.

John Shields, contractor, has made an affidavit charging James Mitchell with pouring tubs of a mixture of water and Paris green into Ashbridge's bay, at the east end of Toronto, so as to pollute the water, kill the fish and make out that the bay is a dangerous nuisance. Mitchell some time ago entered suit against the city for damages, claiming his property was injured by the filthy condition of the bay.

A letter has been received in Toronto from one of the exploring party sent out by the Canadian Pacific to find a new route from Lethbridge, Alberta, to Hope, B. C., through the Crow's Nest pass in the Rockies, to avoid the more northerly road by Kicking Horse pass. The letter says the party is ninety miles west of Macleod, burning up the ground as they go, making three-quarters of a mile of line and trail per day, and that they are in a great game country.

Samples of Ontario wheat shown are very fine and much dryer than usual. Immediately north of Toronto there are some fields which will yield 40 bushels to the acre. A dealer who has just returned from a trip over the road from Toronto to Wharton, in the extremity of Bruce county, says the hay crop, which has been excellent, is now almost completely housed and the wheat is being cut. This cereal, as well as barley, peas and oats, promise to be good in both quality and quantity.

A sort of sick at the stomach feeling passed over a little more than a quarter of a million people when they read of the finding of a corpse in the reservoir. The corpse had been in the water a long time and it is more than likely that Montreal was drinking of it the entire winter. When the jury looked at the remains the latter presented a terrible sight, and one of those present got sick at the thought of the poor unknown getting so thoroughly mixed up with the city's most popular beverage. The victim had no head nor arms, and the jury found it was quite impossible to say whether he had come to his death accidentally or otherwise. Consequently they were discharged.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

The long vacation begins to-morrow and will end September 30th.

The following students-at-law are today being examined for call and admission: J. A. Aikman, Justinian Pelly, T. R. E. McInnes, W. H. Edmonds. The following take their intermediate examination: L. H. Fullager and A. F. Morley. The examiners are: A. N. Richards, Q. C., and D. M. Eberts, Q. C.

The case of Vazeslaus vs. The Phoenix Brewing Company, Ltd., is being tried to-day before Walkem, J., and the following special jury: C. E. Redfern (foreman), P.T. Johnston, George Jaques, Henry Mansell, Thomas Matthews, Chas. Rattray, Henry Waller and H. M. Yates. The plaintiff claims $6000 damages for breach by the defendant of its contract under the corporate seal of the company which agreed to employ the plaintiff at the brewery for three years from March 1st, 1892, at a salary of $250 a month. On May 9th the plaintiff says he was dismissed and brings this action accordingly. Cassidy for the plaintiff; Bodwell for the defendant.

Bishop vs. Irving.

This case is tried before the Chief Justice and the following special jury: R. Seabrook (foreman), F. B. Pemberton, R. J. Horton, W. D. McKillican, Joshua Davies, W. Ridgeway Wilson, G. W. Tolmie, W. Craft. It is an action for slander brought by Frank James Bishop against Robert Irving wherein the plaintiff claims $1000 damages. The plaintiff has lived in Victoria for about nine years, during seven of which he was in the employ of Sir Joseph Trutch and for the remainder of the time he was employed by B. Gordon, Mr. Irving, the defendant, and Mr. Joseph Sayward. The plaintiff in his evidence stated that Mr. Irving notified him to leave, giving no other reason than that he was desirous of making a change; that on May 17th, the defendant came to Mr. Sayward's house when the following conversation took place between plaintiff and defendant in the presence of Mr. Sayward:

Mr. Irving—When you left my place you took with you a suit of clothes that did not belong to you?

Mr. Bishop—I did not.

Mr. Irving—You are a thief; I am a gentleman.

Mr. Bishop—I, too, am a gentleman; you are not the only gentleman in the world.

Mr. Irving—Where did you get that suit you have on now?

Mr. Bishop—It is none of your business, but I got it at Jeffree's and paid cash for it.

The plaintiff stated that Mr. Irving repeated that he was a thief and, not receiving an apology brought action. His case was concluded at 1 o'clock when the court adjourned until 2:30. Mr. Mr. Phillips for the plaintiff; Pooley, Q.C., for the defendant.

The Trout and Its Prey.

A trout is not suddenly inspired to hunger by the spectacle of a bleak passing near him. When his meal time comes on it is then, and not before, that the trout goes foraging; and then is it that the angler's chance arrives. Not that he may not see trout dashing about after bleak all round his bait, and even over his line, without the least notice of his lure being taken. A trout, be it known, having once fixed its eye upon a particular fish, follows that particular fish until it obtains it or it escapes. It will follow its intended victim right through a shoal of its fellows without deviating to the right or to the left. Consequently it must be the angler's constant hope that the trout will see his particular bait first. A trout does not seize its prey and bear it off in the stealthy way adopted by the pike. There is a plunge, a dash and a tug, and either you are fast or you are not. If you attempt to strike in the way that must be proper in the case of the pike the betting would be overwhelmingly against your being fast.—Black and White.

Some new shades in plain ingrain Wallpapers with deep borders at Weller Bros.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

SEALER VICTORIA HERE.

She Reports But Few Schooners—The Trouble on the Mary Taylor.

The sealing schooner Victoria, Capt. Hughes, arrived home from her cruise up the coast yesterday morning. Her catch for the season reaches only 410 skins, but she did not start until May 1st. She brought in 30 skins for the Walter L. Rich, the rest of the latter's catch, which is 1,300, having been shipped on the Beatrice. The Victoria left Sand Point a month ago, some days after the Beatrice, and Capt. Hughes was surprised to find that he had beaten her down. The Victoria made two short stops on her way down and ran away inside, leaving her course. Capt. Hughes says the Rosie Olsen and the Beatrice are the only two on the way home, the others having all headed for the Russian side. When the schooners left Sand Point the seals, with the exception of a few pups, had all entered the sea.

Capt. Hughes says the trouble on the Mary Taylor occurred some weeks before he left for home. Capt. Shields ordered the boats out at 4 one afternoon and some of the men refused duty. Words and a personal encounter followed, and while the captain had one of the men down on the deck the latter drew a penknife and stabbed him in the arm. The captain put the man ashore at Sand Point.

The schooner Victoria is docked outside the railway bridge and will discharge her skins to-day or to-morrow. She had an Indian crew of hunters.

KILLED AT PLAY.

Death of a Young Girl—Publican Severely Lectured.

Nanaimo, July 31.—Children have been repeatedly warned against trespassing or playing with the trucks on the railroads of the New V. C. Co., but in spite of warnings they continue to do so. It was thus that little Louisa Carter met her death on Friday. The children sometimes go along the line in search of berries, and while on their errand they often undertake daring feats. The coroner's inquest has been adjourned until Wednesday next.

The evening service in the Wallace street Methodist church yesterday was quite a change from the usual routine and was enjoyed by those present. It was a sort of sacred concert.

Peter Weigh, the proprietor of the five-cent beer saloon, got a severe lecture from Magistrate Planta on Saturday when he appeared as witness against a man who had created a disturbance there. It was intimated that unless the house was better managed the license would be taken away.

Render Unto Caesar, etc.

In announcing the opening of the new Y. M. C. A. floating bath last Saturday there was a slight error in placing all the credit for the conception, fostering and accomplishment of the enterprise on the broad and well-formed shoulders of Instructor St. Clair, who, however, lent valuable aid in the form of advice and suggestions. To Messrs. Lawson, Bell and Terry is due the praise for carrying the bath idea to a logical sequence, and they did so in the most substantial way, namely, by putting good coin of the realm into the undertaking and taking the risk of success or failure. A number of young men have formed a joint stock company to "run" the bath, and when it has paid for itself they will hand it over deed-free and unembarrassed to the Y. M. C. A., a gift the like of which very few Y. M. C. A.'s enjoy more than once in many years. In relieving Mr. St. Clair's muscular shoulders of all the credit, it should be understood that the bath owners fully understand that they have a bonanza in him as instructor of swimming and aquatic exercises, and they feel confident that with such attractions as a first-class bath and a first-class man to teach the young idea how to swim, there can be no doubt of the success of their venture.

Police Returns.

During the month of July 50 persons were accommodated at the city lockup as follows: Drunks, 24; possessors of intoxicants (Indians), 5; fighting, 2; lodgers, 2; burglary, 1; assault, 2; larceny, 6; disorderly conduct, 1; unsound mind, 3; receiving stolen goods, 2; supplying liquor to Indians, 1; indecent exposure, 1. In addition to these 10 summons cases were heard in the police court.

Congregational Meeting.

A meeting of the congregation of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will be held this evening to elect managers and delegates to session. Rev. P. McF. Macleod's resignation will also be considered. Several members will take the opportunity to reply to the remarks made by the Rev. Mr. Macleod last evening.

Need More Pumps.

The work of attempting to raise the San Pedro was stopped to-day and will not be continued until more pumps are obtained. It was found that the pumps that have been used during the last few days could not empty the wreck fast enough. A number of extra pumps will be engaged.

Agricultural Society's Office.

The city office of the B. C. Agricultural Society has been removed to 32 Government street. Any information regarding the coming exhibition can be obtained at the office.

Best shave in the town, 15 cents. Driard shop, Trounce avenue.

One Week More.

The "marked down sale" will continue for another week. "Big bargains" offered in every line. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. John Partridge.

Board of Trade.

A meeting of the council of the B. C. Board of Trade will be held to-morrow morning at 11. There is important business and every member is requested to be present.

Immense Blocks.

Three immense slabs of sandstone were brought down from the Cobble Hill quarry to be used in the construction of the new government buildings. The slabs are about five feet square and are as even as a billiard table. They will form the floor for the vestibule for the new buildings.

Keen Competition.

Geo. R. Jackson & Co., tailors, have put on an entirely new staff of non-union operators and have reduced prices to meet increasing competition from the east. They found it utterly impossible to keep on a level with eastern tailors and employ union labor. See adv. on first page.

Another Cut.

The Great Northern railway company have made another reduction in the first-class fare to Chicago. They were selling tickets to-day for $32. This is a reduction of $1.60. It is the opinion of railway men that that the three lines, C. P. R., N. P. R. and Great Northern have agreed to keep the rate at that figure.

The Conservatory of Music.

There will be no formal vacation at the Conservatory of Music this summer, as Miss Adams has decided to continue the course of studies, both vocal and instrumental, throughout the season. In the former branch, Mrs. Laird's contract having expired, her position will be filled by a thoroughly qualified teacher, capable of teaching sight singing and giving class lessons.

Death of Andrew Rome.

Andrew Rome, formerly of this city, died at Salem, Or., on Saturday last. He was a native of Manchester, aged 48. While here he conducted a commission business on Wharf street, and was later associated with Hall & Goepel. He married a sister of Richard Jones of the inland revenue department. Mrs. Rome has four small children. The remains were interred at Salem.

Funeral of Geo. Morrison.

The remains of Geo. Morrison, who was drowned in a pool of water near Fitzgerald's camp on the line of the E. & N. railway, were interred at Ross Bay cemetery yesterday. The funeral left Hayward's undertaking establishment at 2 p.m. and Christ Church cathedral half an hour later. A number of friends of the deceased followed the cortege to the cemetery. No inquest was held in the case, Dr. Dickson of Duncan's station certifying that death was due to accidental drowning.

Music Hath Charms.

Last evening a new departure was made in the First Presbyterian church by a service of song. The singing of Mr. Brown and his large and well-trained choir was highly enjoyed by the large congregation, which filled the church to its utmost. No sermon was preached but F. W. Teague gave a stirring address on the work of the Y. P. S. C. E., and Mr. Weston brought Sunday school work home to parents in a manner not soon to be forgotten. The service throughout was chaste, beautiful, pleasant, enjoyable and profitable.

To Victoria's Credit.

More Victorians have been distinguishing themselves abroad. At the annual examinations of the Schools of Art at South Kensington, Miss Sophia Pemberton passed first in Life, first in Antique, and first in Still Life. In antique Miss Pemberton was the only student to whom a first was awarded. These are the three highest examinations in art held at South Kensington. Joseph Pemberton, who is attending University College, London, also distinguished himself in the recent examinations held there, obtaining, in the junior division, first prize in machine design drawing and a first class certificate, besides certificates in surveying, engineering and graphical statics.

A Big Haul.

On Thursday night of last week, one of the big doors at the sheds on Porter's wharf was forced open and a number of skins stolen. The skins were brought from the north on the steamer Barbara Boscowitz and consigned to the R. P. Rithet Company, limited. There was one bale and one case. During the night some foreshore pirate obtained entrance to the shed by drawing a staple. The bale was cut open and the case broken. The following skins are missing, nine bear, six beaver, one wolverine, one wolf, one lynx and ten otter. The men were evidently disturbed for they left a lot of skins scattered around the warehouse. It is likely the skins were taken away in a boat. They were valued at about $275.

Madame Laird.

Having resigned her position at the Conservatory of Music, has opened a studio for instruction in vocal music at her residence, 161 Vancouver, street, corner of Pandora.

SAID HE WAS DRUGGED.

Chas. Hennigar's Misfortunes Ventilated in the Police Court.

Friday morning Chas. Hennigar, ship carpenter, was driven to the police court by hackman O. V. Crozier. Crozier said Hennigar had been driving about town in the hack all night and refused to pay the hack hire. Crozier claimed $3.50. Hennigar had no money on him and was locked up in a police cell. The afternoon of the same day Hennigar was liberated, proprietor Berryman of the Occidental Hotel paying the sum demanded by the hackman.

In the police court this morning Hennigar was the prosecutor in a charge of robbery of $90, preferred against Edward Mutch, formerly foreman for Richard Broderick. Hennigar alleges that Mutch drugged him, and although he knew he was being so treated he was powerless to prevent the theft.

At 11 on Thursday night Hennigar went into the Occidental Hotel and took several drinks. Mutch and one Roop were with him. They with others drank for three or four hours and then left. Mutch, Rose and Hennigar then went to the Monarch saloon and afterwards to the Pritchard House, at each place taking drinks, Hennigar paying. Rose left Mutch and Hennigar, and Mutch called a hack, saying he lived near Simcoe street, where Hennigar was going. They drove to Simcoe street and got out. Hennigar had only 50 cents and offered that. The hack-driver refused, but afterwards took it. Mutch and Hennigar entered the hack again with the intention as Hennigar understood of driving to town to get change for a $10 bill. Instead of driving to town they drove to Henley's saloon on the beach. There Mutch and the hackman got drinks. Hennigar could not stir. He says he was helpless. Mutch brought him a drink which he said was seltzer water and would sober him up.

The seltzer water turned out according to the evidence of Henry Henley, who mixed the drink, to be a "John Collins." Henley said he saw Mutch take out the drink. He could not have put anything in it or he would have seen him.

Hennigar notwithstanding claims that he was drugged; says he saw Mutch put his hand in his pocket and rob him and he was powerless to help himself. The hackdriver wanted him to get out at the Caledonia Park, but he refused. Mutch got out and the hack-driver drove on, but Mutch was again picked up and the hack-driver took a drink at the saloon near the James Bay bridge. Hennigar did not again see Mutch and the hack-driver drove Hennigar to the police station and he was locked up.

Caretaker Miller gave evidence that Hennigar acted as if he had been drugged. The case will be continued to-morrow.

SALMON GALORE.

Splendid Catches on the Fraser—Beer With a License.

New Westminster, July 31.—The salmon catch last night was the largest of the season, the average being 550 to the boat, and many got 700 and had to take their nets ashore to secure their fish.

W. T. Blair was fined $50 this morning in the district court for selling a barrel of beer at Stevreston without a license.

The machinery has been removed from McCorvie's pile driver, which sank at Boundary bay.

D. McPhadden lost another child by diphtheria yesterday.

HIGH PERCENTAGE.

Brainy High School Members—Ewart of Winnipeg for Judge.

Vancouver, July 31.—One hundred men left on Sunday to work on the Nakusp & Slocan railway.

Vancouver high school passed 17 out of 18 candidates for teachers' certificates.

The constitutional league is preparing for an active campaign. A public meeting will be called soon, to be followed by a convention for the province, to formulate a platform.

The bar association will probably suggest the name of Mr. Ewart of Winnipeg for judge. They wish him appointed for Vancouver district.

Lansdowne House.

The "marked down sale" will continue for another week. "Big bargains" offered in every line. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. John Partridge.

To Write on B. C.

Robert Machray, special commissioner of the Empire, Toronto, is in the city. The Empire will publish a number exclusively on British Columbia, which will be circulated in Great Britain and Australia, and Mr. Machray is now on the ground to begin the work.

A Reduction Suggested.

At the regular meeting of the Victoria Typographical Union, held yesterday, communications were read from the proprietors of the daily papers suggesting that a reduction be made in the present scale of wages. The matter was referred to the executive committee, who will confer with the publishers.

Trained Animals.

Samwell's and Giovanni's trained dogs and animals are in town. They paraded the streets to-day and gave the children an idea of what they will see at the theatre this evening, to-morrow afternoon and again to-morrow evening. The prices have been placed as low as possible and of course the house will be crowded.

Black Currants.

Free from worms, rhubarb, fresh vegetables and a full line of groceries, at Mrs. P. Wilson's, 185 Douglas street.

Could Not Realize.

Akron, O., July 31.—The Akron savings bank did not open this morning. W. Buechel, president of the bank, has appointed a receiver. The capital stock is $300,000, with a reserve fund of $70,000 and undivided profits of $18,000. The bank will pay dollar for dollar. The cause of suspension was the usual one—inability to realize on securities.

A Large Stock

OF

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CORSETS

JUST ARRIVED.

Flora Corset, Drab, 50c.
Coraline Corset, Sateen, 90c.
B. C. Corset, Assorted Colors, $1.00.
No. 555 Corset, Drab, $1.25.
No. BBB Corset, Black, $1.50.
Wedding Corsets, C. & B, $2.50.
All sizes in P. D. in Black, White and Drab.
Children's Hiegene Waists, 65c., 90c. and $1.50.
Ladies' Jackson Hiegene Waists, $1.90.

See Window. D. SPENCER, Government St.

VICTORIA EXHIBITION

The Annual Fair

...Of the B. C. AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION will be held at the... NEW EXHIBITION BUILDINGS, Driving Park, Victoria, on

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

August the 7th TO August the 12th INCLUSIVE.

The date has been placed earlier this year than formerly—during the beautiful August weather—and exhibitors and visitors may feel perfectly satisfied that there will be a very large display in every department, bright sunshine, an immense attendance, enjoyable sports, and in every way a successful show.

There will be Sports of all kinds, particulars of which will be published later,—

Horse Races, Gymkana, Lacrosse, Athletics, &c.

First-class Band will provide music every day and evening.
Railway and Steamship lines will carry passengers and exhibits at reduced fares.
All entries will finally close on Saturday evening, August 5th.
Prize Lists and Entry Forms, etc., on application to

W. H. BAINBRIDGE, Secretary, Government St., Victoria.

600 lbs. OF Black Currants FOR Preserving AT ERSKINE, WALL & CO. Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

Over Ninety Per Cent.

Of the World's Fair Dairy Exhibit Prizes were captured by Canada. It is interesting to note tha all first-class Canadian Dairies are equipped with

Eddy's Indurated Fibre Ware

Pails, Tubs, Milk Pans, &c., &c. The Strongest and Cleanest ware ever made for Dairy, Home or Farm use. Sold everywhere.

The E. B. EDDY Co.

MAMMOTH WORKS: HULL, CANADA.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

Public Notice.

So-hal Street, between Yates Street and Fort Street, will be closed to traffic until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer

July 11th, 1893.

To Ship Owners.

The undersigned begs to announce that he has taken the CLYDE SHIP YARD, at Rock Bay, Victoria, and is now prepared for all kinds of work, new or old. Small orders thankfully received and big ones in proportion.

ORLANDO WARNER.

July 3-1mo.

IN BILLINGSGATE.

Everyday Scenes in the Most Noted Fish Market in the World.

Black and White: Billingsgate Fish Market is the best abused institution in London, and yet its sturdy health is unimpaired. Hundreds of years have passed since this was first declared a "free and open" market; to-day 10,000,000 people are dependent on it for their fish supply, and the combined efforts of its enemies, from the royal commission downward, do not seem to be able to effect any radical change in its condition or conduct. Men of experience in the fish trade confidently declare that it can never be removed from its traditional home.

The average cost at Billingsgate of all except the rarest kind of fish is a fraction over 1d a pound. It has gained value ere it reaches the door of the consumer some 800 per cent. The process of this remarkable growth is inexplicable; but the consumer has an obvious remedy. By the grace of his deceased majesty, King William III., any person can visit Billingsgate and buy his own fish. Let us describe the process. The laggard sight-seer who lets mid-day overtake him before he seeks the famous fish market will find it dirty, malodorous, forsaken to the scavengers, who sluice and swill its remotest corners in a vigorous way that bodes ill for trespassers. To see Billingsgate at best you must be up betimes while the city streets are dim and silent.

At 5 o'clock the market opens, and from either side the steamers and the wagons bring their finny freight into Billingsgate, which at this moment presents a vivid picture of industry. A thousand porters run to and fro, till the 200 rough stalls that fill the floor space begin to groan beneath a weight of turbot, brill, soles, John Dory, mullet, plaice, haddock, cod, skate, roker, whiting, sturgeon, hake, dabs, thornback and gurnard, according to the season. The work of the fish porters is extremely arduous, but well paid, as such work goes. A porter earns as much as 10 shillings for his few hours' toil. Fish porters are, as a rule, rough fellows and free drinkers.

In round figures 100,000 tons of fish pass through Billingsgate each year, about two-thirds of this aggregate arriving by land and one-third by water. The chief source of the fish supply is the North Sea, which specialists declare to be inexhaustible. The trade is carried on by boats and smacks working in fleets on the Dogger Bank, or off the German coast, and also by boats fishing singly nearer home, which return at short intervals to port, say to Grimsby or Yarmouth, whence their fish is conveyed by train to Billingsgate. Fish that arrive by land is usually consigned direct to commission agents. They in turn sell it by private contract to the "bommarees," or middlemen, who break up the ninety-pound packages into smaller lots to suit the needs of their customers, ranging from the West End fish monger to the East End coster.

The second channel of the Billingsgate trade, the river, is different in its methods. The fleet that fish the North Sea are away from home for weeks and even months together. Fast steamers wait on them from time to time and bring their catch to London, the voyage out and home taking about seven days. Two such steamers arrive in the Thames most mornings, the fish they bring being generally sold at auction by the appointed agents of the fishing companies. Round the auctioneer and his clerk a thick ring of "bommarees" presses. The rapid bidding is, to a layman, unintelligible, but apparently very clear to the "bommarees," who acquire all the fish up to auction in an incredible short space of time, and then put it through the same process of retailment as the land borne fish. The rapidity by which sales by auction are effected may be gathered from the fact that a ship load of 2,000 trunks of fish is disposed of, generally by single trunks, in less than three hours, the prices recorded at these auctions being the prices current of the whole market.

So the fish comes to its ultimate consumer through five hands—those of the fisherman, the carrier, the salesman, the "bommaree" and the final retailer.

Noses Classified According to Merit.

Were a classification of noses made according to their respective merits as judged by the ordinary phrenological standard, they might be placed in something like the following order: First-class—The Classical Roman and Grecian types. Second class—The blended Graeco-Roman type; for example, the great Napoleon, Savanarola, and Marie Antoinnette had noses of this kind. Third-class—The sanguine type; a long, straight nose, with which many illustrious men and women have been endowed, such as Francoise I., Henry Irving, Charles Dickens, Thomas Carlyle. Fourth class—the Jewish type; though distinctive of that race from which it has taken its name, many Gentiles have been equipped with this powerfully outlined nose—the late George Eliot, for instance, though without the slightest strain of Jewish blood in her veins, was highly distinguished in this respect. Fifth class—this class, while still a good type of nose, is slightly indicative of weakness, and yet, mirabile dictu, notable men, like Martin Luther, Charles Darwin, and Pasteur had nothing better to show. Classes six and seven may be bracketed together, as they include both the various common types of noses to be seen every day, and the weak, imperfect types, owned to a large extent by the thriftless and criminal classes.

Enoch Arden in Cairo.

A Swiss captain, at the end of a sanguinary and prolonged battle, caused the dead and dying to be thrown alike into the pits and buried together. Some one pointed out to him that many of the bodies still showed signs of animation. "My dear sir," replied the Swiss, "if a man were to pay attention to the signs they show there would not be a dead body among them." A similar power of preventing the mind being turned aside by trifling considerations appears to have characterized a certain kazi in the city of Cairo, Mansur Bin Musia by name. To him is attributed among others, the celebrated pound of flesh judgment given in favor of the Jew creditor. His decisions were usually extraordinary, but every now and then they were so remarkable as to attract attention from disinterested outsiders. On one occasion the inhabitants of Cairo were shocked to see a living man borne through the streets, fled fast to a bier, and hurried toward the cemetery to be buried alive. His lamentable shrieks were entirely disregarded by the bearers, who remorselessly carried out their duty to its bitter end. It was soon ascertained that the Kazi Mansur was responsible for this atrocity, and, although Orientals are not easily shocked where the administration of justice, so-called, is concerned, yet in this case it was felt that some enquiries should be made. Accordingly the kazi was interviewed, and he was asked why it was that he had caused a living man to be buried alive. Like Mr. Gilbert's young lady in the "Mikado," it was doubtless pointed out to him that burial alive is too "starky" a death to be agreeable. They found the kazi quite ready to satisfy their doubts. "You wish," he said, "to know why this man has been buried alive. Well, his burial has been ordered by me in due form, because six years ago his wife was married to another man according to the decree of the law, two witnesses of a very respectable character having certified to his death at Bagdad. The man, however, came before the court this morning, pleaded that he was not dead, and advancing a claim to recover his wife. I ordered the two witnesses to reappear, and they proved beyond doubt by fresh evidence that they had attended his funeral at Bagdad, where he was buried in their presence. From this circumstance it is easy to conclude that the man cannot be a real one, but the ghost of the former, and must therefore be laid, in order to put an end to all future disputes respecting the woman." The bystanders thereupon, as we are told, "dissembled their misgivings, praised the kazi's justice, and retired."

Modernized Rome.

Rome, in 20 or 30 years, has become like any other European city—big, noisy, vulgar, overgrown, Frenchified, and syndicate-ridden, hardly to be distinguished from Lyons or Turin, except that it has in the middle of its streets some enormous masses of ruins, many huge empty convents and some vast churches, apparently abandoned by the Church. But the ruins, which used to stand in the rural solitude like Stonehenge or Rievaulx, are now mere piles of stone in crowded streets, like the Palais des Thermes at Paris.

The sacred sites of forum and Roman Quadrara are now objects in a museum. The Cloaca are imbedded in a new stone quay, and are become a mere "exhibit," like York House Water Gate in our own embankment. The wild foliage and the memorial altars have been torn out of the Colosseum and the Aelian bridge is overshadowed by a new iron Charing. Rome, which 30 years ago was a vision of the past, is to-day a busy Italian town, with a dozen museums, striving to become a third-rate Paris.—Fortnightly Review.

Photographing the Voice.

Prof. Hermann has recently succeeded in photographing the vowel sounds. The method employed was speaking them into a phonograph that reproduced them slowly. The vibrations were recorded by a micro-telephone, in the vibrating drum of which was a smaller mirror, a ray of light from which recorded its vibrations on a traveling strip of sensitized paper. The idea of photographing sounds, however, is not new, for, when the phonograph first came out years ago, the late Prof. Jenkin, of Edinburgh, together with Prof. Ewin, made similar experiments to those of Prof. Hermann. The phonograph, however, used by these gentlemen was the original tinfoil instrument, and the sounds reproduced were somewhat crude. Notwithstanding this some very interesting results were arrived at, and were published at the time. What would have been thought, prior to the invention of the phonograph, of anyone who might have suggested that sounds could be photographed?—British Journal of Photography.

Something About the Foot.

If you stand upon one foot you stand practically upon a tripod; that is, your weight is resting chiefly upon three points—the heel, the ball of the great toe and the ball of the little toe. If the foot is bare all three points are upon the same level and the foot is broadest at the toes. Also, between your heel behind and the other two points of the triped in front—more especially marked between the heel and the ball of the great toe—is a beautiful arch of bone and ligament. Twelve bones go to form this arch, the ligaments join them, and between the bones are little elastic pads of cartilage acting as buffers. The shape of the foot and the power of the bone, ligament, cartilage and muscle, to play their part freely, are necessary for a graceful movement. But for some reason or another this graceful and complex instrument doesn't please you, so you distort not only your own feet, but probably very early in your children's lives you set about spoiling their feet, too. Pointed toes are "fashionable" forsooth! Let us be honest if we may and healthy if we can, but let us be fashionable at all costs. So, regardless of the fact that our great toe is our longest toe, also that it is the most useful in walking, we decide that it should be about the same length as the little one, and that the longest toe must be in the middle. So we get pointed shoes, regardless of the great toe being in the line of the inner edge of the foot, and we cram those shoes on. The great toe protests. It develops in-growing toe-nails, perhaps, or it insists on a certain amount of room and so crushes the little toe against the other side of the shoe that it gets corns. Still there is not room enough and the great toe begins to give way. It retreats toward the middle line, crushing up the other toes. What comes next? Well, there is a muscle running along the foot that pulls upon the big toe; if the toe is straight the muscle pulls it straight, but if the toe-tip is pushed inward then the muscle pulls it farther in, and the other end, that is where the toe springs from the foot, is pushed out—and this is the ugly thing called a bunion.—Health.

Discovered by Accident.

The world says in pursuing an investigation of the ground of discussion between Chinese inspector of the treasury J. Thomas Schaf and the customs officers of this point, it discovered that an organized conspiracy exists to smuggle Chinamen into the country, whose entry is forbidden, that the Geary law is practically inoperative, that scores of Chinese laborers, cigar-makers, laundrymen and gamblers have been smuggled into the port of New York alone under the guise of actors and merchants.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

THE WOOD BUFFALO.

Many Specimens Yet in the North—They Should be Protected.

Edmonton Bulletin: Would it not be interesting, and profitable as well, for the government to take some steps towards the preservation of the wood buffalo from extinction. The fact that these animals, identical with the prairie buffalo which roamed the plains in countless millions a few years ago, can live and thrive in the region west of the Great Slave river at and about latitude 60, is sufficient evidence as to peculiar adaptation to the natural conditions existing throughout the greater part of the Northwest, while the fact that their skins sell at from $25 to $50 a piece and the head, when mounted for two or three times as much is ample proof of their value. The fact that the countless herds of the plains have been wiped out of existence as completely as if they never had existed is evidence that the extermination of the small bands of wood buffalo still existing is only a matter of a year or two at most. The most stringent laws against killing these animals are of no earthly use, for in the first place there is no means whatever of giving the law effect, and in the next place the nature of the country and the exigencies of the people inhabiting it are such that even if means were provided they could not be of practical use. The only way in which the wood buffalo can be preserved from extinction at a very early date is by rearing them in captivity. That this is possible has been amply proven, and there are few who will not agree that to save this wonderful and useful species from extinction would be well worth any possible expenditure to that end. Unfortunately owing to the inaccessibility of the region inhabited by the buffalo the project would be altogether beyond any ordinary private means, and besides the direct financial return would be uncertain to justify the investment of private capital. It does not seem that this would be an altogether legitimate case for government interference. The government has established experimental farms in every province for the purpose of testing and improving plants and animals from foreign countries with a view to their adaptation to this country. If the government were told that in the wilds of Central Asia an animal of the bovine species existed, of good size, whose beef was excellent, whose hide was valuable and which could find its living unaided in any part of our country, grazing grass from the 49th to the 60th parallel, would they not be very slack in looking after the interests of this country if they did not use every endeavor to secure the introduction of such a valuable animal. When such an animal exists in our own country, and when its extermination is a matter of a very short time, is it not very much more the duty of the government to take such means as may be necessary to prevent that extermination and to turn such a valuable animal to account? What can be done now for comparatively few dollars cannot be done perhaps next year for all the money in Canada.

Winnipeg Free Press: Mr. James Mundie, a representative of the firm of Carscaden & Peck, who has just returned to the city from a business trip in the west, brings an interesting bit of intelligence concerning the wood buffalo of the north. Three years ago when Mr. Mundie was at Edmonton, on a trip similar to the one just completed, he purchased the head of a wood buffalo, and it was thought at the time that it was the last one that would ever be seen, as the species were supposed to have become practically extinct. Imagine, then, Mr. Mundie's surprise a week ago on again visiting Edmonton to find there one trader with ten heads and another with 20 robes, and to learn that over 200 of the animals had been killed by Indians this season in the Slave Lake and Peace River districts. In the lot which Mr. Mundie saw at Edmonton was the largest head he had ever seen, and the robes were of an exceptionally good quality, the hair being very dark and grizzly. The traders told him that some of the animals killed were of such a great size that the Indians were unable to turn them over, and had to split the carcasses in two in order to obtain the robes. This is a point worthy of note, as it has always been stated by those supposed to know that the wood buffalo are smaller than the plain buffalo. Mr. Secord, the trader, who brought in the robes from the north, had also in his pack 200 musk ox robes from the barren lands east of the Mackenzie river. Another trader brought in 100 ox robes. Mr. Secord is the authority for the statement that 200 wood buffalo robes will reach Edmonton this summer from Slave lake and Peace river. The question, where did these wood buffalo so suddenly come from? now naturally suggests itself. The Indians and traders have long ago given up hope of ever seeing any again. The theory, and a plausible one it is, which is advanced by the traders, is that the remnant of the large herds that once roamed through the prairies and forests of the far northwest found a feeding ground secluded from the customary haunts of the Indians, and safe from the Winchesters of the hunters, and rapidly replenished their decimated numbers. Last winter the weather was unusually severe, and in addition to the terrible cold, heavy snow storms prevailed, and thus the animals were driven southward in search of food, and wandered into the track of the Indians, who only too eagerly rushed among them and slaughtered them right and left. The heavy catch of musk ox is accounted for in the same way, they having been driven south from their feeding grounds in the barren lands by hunger. Raw musk ox robes are selling this year for $40 a piece at Edmonton.

Mr. Mundie states that Mr. Secord's pack of furs was worth $10,000. He had in the lot no less than 600 beaver skins, the finest that has ever been seen in this country. In fact, all the fur that is coming from the north this season is far better than ordinarily.

The Head Went Back.

What may be termed an awful story is told in one of the magazines of the late Sir Richard Owen, the eminent naturalist and anatomist. When he was a young surgeon seventy years ago he had under his charge at the jail in Lancashire a negro who was dying of consumption. Owen was then deep in the study of comparative anatomy, and for craniological investigation he sorely coveted the head of the negro when the latter had no use for it. One night he took possession, deposited the head in a bag and concealed the bag under a long black cloak. In descending a steep hill on his way home the anatomist slipped and fell, the head rolled out of the bag and went rolling until it landed in an open doorway of a cottage. Straightway, with a lively sense of horrible consequences, Owen followed the skull and found that the cottage family were yelling with terror. He grabbed the woolly caput, shoved it into his bag and was off again with an exclamatory apology for intruding. The story which afterwards cleared up the mystery in Lancashire was that the woman in the cottage was the widow of a sailor who had been in the slave trade; that she thought that the skull rolling over the floor was that of her wicked husband seeking a haven of rest, and that Owen was the devil come to claim his own.

Engines Run by Compressed Air.

Visitors to the transportation building yesterday had an opportunity of seeing a novel sight in the exhibition of several great locomotives running at full speed, yet not moving an inch from their positions.

The exhibition, the first of its kind, was gotten up by the Baldwin locomotive works. The engines are raised so that the drivers will safely clear the tracks, and as they fly around with lightning express speed the sight-seer has an opportunity to stand in one spot and see a locomotive run sixty miles per hour for a whole hour if he desires to do so.

The motive power is compressed air, which is furnished from a compress in machinery hall through iron pipes.

One curious feature of the exhibition is the steam-like appearance of the exhaust out of the smokestack, while the engine's cylinders are almost at the freezing point. This phenomenon is due to the fact that the compressed air as it expands rapidly in going through the compound cylinders absorbs heat rapidly, or what is an equivalent, generates cold. Consequently when the air is finally exhausted it is so much colder than the surrounding atmosphere that it precipitates the moisture in the latter and forms a mist just as in the case of exhaust steam, only the conditions under which it is formed are exactly reversed in the case of the cold air.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Stop

paying rent and buy a nice two-story house on monthly payments, equal only to rent.
PAGE & WINNETT.

Best barbers in town, Driard baths, Trounce avenue. Shaving 15 cents.

Cooling, Refreshing, Exhilarating.

In this warm weather, when the body is losing so much moisture in perspiration, the natural demand that this loss shall be made good creates what is known as an "exquisite thirst." Many are foolish enough to endeavor to quench it with drinks containing more or less alcohol, but the wiser ones use the juice of ripe fruit. The Island of Montserrat is noted for producing the finest quality of limes, and the juice of these is bottled and known as

"Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice

Taken with water it makes a most delightful drink. It is cheaper than lemons and more conveniently prepared.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
LANGLEY & CO. Victoria, Agents for B.C.

THEY ARE PLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE
ESELJAY'S LIVER LOZENGES. 25 CENTS A BOX.
They do not nauseate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.
Ask Your Druggist For Them.

THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,
5 Gordon St., Victoria.
This first class Private Family Boarding House, centrally situated, within extensive grounds, is open under new management for guests by the day, week or month at moderate rates. A few table boarders can be accommodated. may1-3m

NORTH SAANICH HOTEL.
FORFAR & WRIGHT, Proprietors.
This new hotel, situated on Shoal Bay, (near Brackman & Kerr's Mills) is now open for the reception of guests. Excellent boating and fishing, and a pleasant place to spend the holidays.
Comfortable rooms at moderate prices.
jy11-2m-d&w

Municipal Act 1892.

NOTICE

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a transfer from myself to George Schmith, of the said city, of the license now held by me to sell beer, wines and porter with meals at the restaurant (formerly Stetts's), No. 54 Yates street, in the City of Victoria aforesaid.
July 15, 1893. C. C. FOX.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received until Friday, noon, August 4th, for the erection and completion of two one story brick toilet buildings to be built at the Central School, this city.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
SCHROEDER & EWART,
Architects.
Office: Second floor, Duck Block. jy26-3t

NOTICE

Johnson Street from Chambers Street eastward will be closed until further notice.

E. A. WILMOT,
jy29-tf City Engineer.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.
Established 1863.
—BANKERS—
VICTORIA, B. C.
Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.
—AGENTS FOR—
WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.
PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers
Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.
In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the new famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is now able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.
—OFFICES—
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

NAKUSP & SLOCAN MINES

The Eldorado of British Columbia
All the ore output now assured to Nakusp by the immediate construction of the NAKUSP & SLOCAN RAILWAY, which will start at Nakusp and end at the Forks of Carpenter Creek, directly in the centre of the Slocan Mines.

No Other Route can Possibly Compete
Thirty-five miles of Railway from Nakusp will tap the whole of the Mines of the Slocan District, and the ores are bound to come out BY THE NATURAL GATEWAY, VIA NAKUSP, to the general welfare and prosperity of the Province.

Look at the Map.
A Provincial Railway Charter and subsidy and a Dominion Railway Charter have been obtained for the Nakusp & Slocan Railway, and the Canadian Pacific Co. have entered into an agreement to lease and operate the Railway for 25 years. There can be no doubt as to the importance of NAKUSP, the Gateway of the Slocan Country, either from the North or South, and the principal shipping and distributing point for all the district tributary to Slocan Lake.

Concentrators and Samplers
Now in contemplation, consequent on the definite settlement of the Railway question. The Nakusp & Slocan Railway will be built with a rush right into the heart of the Mines. See Wardner's and other experts' estimates of the production of Slocan Mines in the press. All this now assured is directly tributary to the Nakusp & Slocan Railway.

RAND BROS.,
General Agents, Vancouver, B.C.
LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
Agents, VICTORIA.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000. $2,920,000
RESERVE £260,000. $1,265,333
HEAD OFFICE, - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND
BRANCHES:
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA
AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:
IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank. Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

REDUCED! 50 doz. REGATTA & PRINT SHIRTS Reduced to 75c each

B. WILLIAMS & CO., 97 Johnson Street.

TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES.

Names of Those Successful at the Examination With Marks Obtained.

The department of education has given publicity to the list of teachers who passed the examination for certificates of qualification to teach, which was held in the early part of this month at Victoria, Kamloops and Vancouver. The following are the names of the successful candidates:

FIRST CLASS—GRADE A.

Burnett, William Brenton, B.A., University of Acadia College, Nova Scotia, 1893. Ettenhoof, William Rogers, B.A., McGill University, Montreal, 1893. Henry, Joseph Kaye, B.A., Dalhousie University, Halifax, 1893. Laffere, Richard Lawson, B.A., Trinity College, Dublin, 1893. Moore, Samuel, B.A., University of Manitoba, 1893. Pineo, Albert J., B.A., University of Acadia College, Nova Scotia, 1893. Robinson, David Magee, B.A., Dalhousie University, Halifax, 1893. Robinson, George Edward, B.A., Dalhousie University, Halifax, 1893. Shaw, James Curtis, B.A., Dalhousie University, Halifax, 1893. Turner, Henry Birkett, B.A., Cambridge University, 1893.

The following holder of a First Class Grade A Certificate obtained prior to 1888, passed the additional standard now required for First Class Grade A certificate: Gordon, Robert George.

FIRST CLASS—GRADE B.

The following holders of First Class, Grade A Certificate obtained prior to 1888, passed the additional standard now required for First Class, Grade B, Certificates: Cameron, Agnes Deans; Campbell, Eli J.; Cheatham, William Cammish; Gilchrist, Alexander; Horton, Lucretia; McRae, George W.; Murray, Paul; Nicholson, Thomas; Offerhaus, Mrs. Mary Amelia; Rogers, Ellen; Sluggett, George Henry; Wood, William Martin.

FIRST CLASS—GRADE B.

(Maximum Marks 3150.)

Novecosa, James Edward, 2703; Johnston, Robert Cullen, 2696; McNeill, Angus B., 2681; Buchanan, Donald John, 2661; McLeod, James R., 2627; Galloway, James, 2534; Norris, Thomas Alfred, 2506; Baxter, Norman Smith, 2499; Gillis, John D., 2498; Stewart, Allan C., 2345; Johnston, Rosale Hill; Tempier, Alfa May, 2218; Sherwood, Samuel, 2208; Hoy, James A., 2202; Irwin, Joseph, 2255.

SECOND CLASS—GRADE A.

(Maximum Marks, 3150.)

Watkis, Robert, 2290; Gordon, Marion, 2287; Ralph, Ellen, 2279; Macfarlane, Archibald McKechnie, 2263; Speirs, Mary Elizabeth, 2261; Robinson, Sarah Ann, 2220; McNutt, Agnes H., 2196; Shine, Timothy Warren, 2195; Morrison, Florence, 2180; Johnston, Alice Leonora, 2171; Fraser, Anna Elizabeth, 2135; Bodwell, Charlotte V. J., 2126; Lang, Sarah Isabella, 2120; Smith, Thomas, 2116; Winternute, Hannah; Bennett, Ellen Christine, 2080; Peers, Elizabeth M., 2078; LePage, Ethel Teresia, 2062; Bryant, Mabel, 2044; Hunter, Douglas McDonald, 2044; Blair, Wesley, 2030; Telford, Robert, 2025; Barron, Lizzie F., 2024; Stitt, Una Muriel, 2016; Caspel, Emma, 2010; Caldwell, Jennie, 2005; Marshall, Alfred J., 1981; Laffere, Henri, Alfred, 1981; Trembath, Emily Jane, 1979; McFarlane, Minnie Jardine, 1968; Russell, Alexandrina, 1968; Phoenix, Albert E., 1966; McKenzie, Francis James, 1963; Cunningham, William J., 1961; Hay, Alice, 1961; Nicholson, Annie, 1955; Watson, Frederic James, 1946; Cooke, Alfred William, 1924; Evans, Edward F., 1913; Nickerson, Laura Livingstone, 1901; Hall, Caroline M., 1900; Arscadden, Robert, Howard, 1897; Moss, Lily Emily, 1896; Hodge, Henry John, 1893; McLean, Mrs. Etta Belle, 1891.

SECOND CLASS—GRADE B.

(Maximum Marks, 2550.)

Hart, Leonard, 1819; Morrison, Frank, 1744; McDowell, Martha, 1697; Wright, M. Melrose, 1683; Tolmie, John, 1666; Henderson, Magnus, 1649; Matthews, Deborah Elizabeth, 1625; Armstrong, Robert J., 1606; King, Edith Amy, 1598; Crandall, Jessie, 1591; Williams, Sara Deloide, 1589; Dowler, Caroline Amelia, 1578; Fraser, Henry Archibald, 1568; Stewart, Anna Leighton, 1567; Howison, Arthur, 1558; Lewis, Alfred Maud, 1552; Neville, Isabel Ramsay, 1548; Fletcher, Marie, 1544; Truswell, Sarah, 1536; Graham, William Alexander, 1533; Dunkerley, Abel, 1514; Northcott, Orvilla, 1514; Brown, William Clarence, 1512; Christie, Caroline Trichton, 1511; Powell, Lottie, 1511; Agnew, Emily Campbell, 1506; Fraser, Eleanor Brandon, 1503; Murton, Lily, 1501; Gordon, Alexander John, 1500; Baker, Ellen J., 1498; Martin, George Henry, 1495; Shrapnel, Edith Mary Scrope, 1494; Robinson, John Joseph, 1485; Tucker, Mary, 1480; Preston, Sara, 1473; Walker, Robert John, 1454; Godson, Mabel, 1448; Ross, Catharine J., 1447; Burns, Margaret M., 1444; Tanner, Rebecca, 1443; McKay, Minna Gertrude, 1441; Lorimer, Christina Taylor, 1440; Smith, Katie Clement, 1431; Smith, Elsie May, 1428; Fowler, Janet L., 1428; Sutherland, James, 1422; Ferguson, Lena May, 1401; Black, Arthur W., 1387; Homer, Margaret Fritch, 1372; Monro, Annie J., 1368; Smith, Mary Snowdy, 1365; Bradley, Julia M., 1349; Sinclair, James William, 1348; Johnstone, Victor Baird, 1344; Fraser, Flora C., 1332; Lucas, Mary, 1340; Robeson, Mary, 1325; Woods, Alfred Annesley, 1283.

THIRD CLASS—GRADE B.

(Maximum Marks, 1050.)

Hughes, Leonora Evangeline, 1271; Irvine, George E. G., 1227; Smith, Mabel Easton, 1224; Frank, Miriam, 1204; Easton, Samuel G., 1182; Shiels, Francis Henry, 1190; Acheson, W. C., 1180; Edgar, Louise S., 1173; Dalby, Edith, Madeline, 1164; Thomson, William George, 1164; McLeod, Norman, 1162; McDowell, Margaret, 1159; Dellou, Edith Sophia, 1140; Spillman, Margaret E., 1135; Winternute, Mary, 1128; Cochran, John P., 1116; Rowbotham, Annie, 1112; Brown, Mamie Sybil, 1109; Brechin, Albert, 1106; McCallum, Ada 1105; Walker, Ada, 1060; Beattie, Matthew, 1027; Mar, John H., 1026; Edwards, Lilias, Meta, 1025; Ackerman, Myrtle B., 1088; McCullie, Nellie Grant, 1080; Sloan, Marjorie, 1069; Cathcart, Isabel, 1058; Edwards, Carmen Maude, 1056; Galbraith, Angus, 1054; Baker, Lizzie, 1049; Roberts, Emily Florence, 1048; Gilley, Anne Lee, 1047; Sayer, Elizabeth Ann, 1047; Hilbert, Kate, 1044; Cox, Isabel, M. F., 1039; Shortreed, Hilda, 1035; McMartin, Jane Sophia, 1033; Halliday, Mary Felicia, 1031; Wright, Ada, 1025; Ward, Mary Ellen, 1024; McNeill, Annie, 1021; Noble, Clara Anna, 1020; Buttimer, Annie L., 1012; Frank, Myra May, 1008; McGregor, John Charles, 1003; Godson, Grace Adelaide, 1002; Pool, Christina, 993; Black, Jessie Ann, 988; Stewart, Ellen Isabel, 987; McDonald, Mrs. Annie G., 972; Dyker, Jennie, 965; Wilson, Agnes Groves, 965; Fowler, Archibald, 964; Gibson, Harriett, 956; Gallant, Demitian, 948; McKenzie, Kate Margaret, 943; McLeod, Malcolm, 942; Wolfenden, Mabel, 941; Sivewright, William, 940; Drew, Marguerite Stuart, 933; Fraser, Jessie Grant, 929; Armstrong, Jeannie, 928; Lowery, Martha James, 919; Miller, Martha, 910; Elgetti, Maud Rebecca, 899; Harris, Alice V., 888; Thomson, Dorothea M., 875; Gaudin, Mabel Agnes, 869; Carter, Martha Jane, 806.

RENEWAL CERTIFICATES

For Length of Service.

Bailey, Adelaide S.; Caldwell, Mrs. L. Halliday, James A.; McDougall, Anna J.

S. D. POPE, L.L.D.
JNO. ANDERSON, B.A.
AUSTIN SCRIVEN, M.A. (Oxon.)
P. McF. MACLEOD.
WM. DAVIN BARBER, M.A.

Theatricals in the Northwest.

The Northwest, which at present only includes the cities of Portland, Tacoma and Seattle, so far as most first-class attractions are concerned, has, although recently opened, proved a most profitable field for theatrical managers. Just now, however, every kind of business is more or less depressed, which, of course, tells against theatre receipts, but this depression is only temporary, and is unanimately shared by all the Western States. Confidence is even now being rapidly restored. In reviewing theatricals in the Northwest, there are many things that appear worthy of notice. In the first place, the magnificence of the theatres, the Marquam Grand at Portland, the Tacoma at Tacoma, the Seattle at Seattle, and, grandest of all, and perhaps the handsomest theatre west of Chicago, the Vancouver Opera House, Vancouver, B. C. Secondly, the extraordinary growth of the Northwestern cities. For instance, ten years ago the assessed value of property in Tacoma amounted to $75,000, while last year the postoffice receipts in the same were $76,000. Portland, Tacoma and Seattle all support stock theatres, playing at popular prices, in addition to the combination houses. Why do not managers of first-class attractions, such as Richard Mansfield, play Victoria and Vancouver? The jump from Tacoma or Seattle is inexpensive, the theatres excellent, and the attendance above the average, at least in Tacoma. Nat Goodwin played Victoria to good business, and why not others? One is surprised to hear of so many good attractions skipping these towns when it is known how well the people patronize the theatres there. Portland and Seattle are excellent show towns, undoubtedly, but will managers say the same of Tacoma during the past two months? They cannot, and yet companies play there and leave Vancouver and Victoria behind them with the theatre-loving people anxious for good players and willing to pay to see them. It is not to be understood that Tacoma will not pay to visit. It will, but when going to the expense of playing in the Northwest don't leave out Victoria and Vancouver, B.C. They will contribute largely to the success of a trip, and perhaps in some instances turn disaster into financial victory.—San Francisco Call.

Mr. Laurier's Popularity

The growth of Mr. Laurier's personal popularity in the country, and his undisputed supremacy as leader of the Liberal party, says the Sydney, Cape Breton, Reporter, are most noticeable features in current political history. One of the delegates from Nova Scotia to the Ottawa convention, Mr. W. H. Guild, of Shubenacadie, Hants county, has penned an open letter to the electors of Hants, in the course of which he says:

"But permit me to say that there never was a man more in the hearts of the people than Hon. Wilfrid Laurier. He never entered that convention hall but that vast multitude of people rose to their feet as one man, and I shall never forget the sea of fans, handkerchiefs and hats waving in the air, and rousing cheer after cheer went up until you would almost imagine that the great roof could no longer contain it; and no less did they cheer every time he came to the front, and whenever any other speaker would burst forth that could be heard a long distance away. You have only to see him to admire him; look into his eyes and you will respect and trust him; shake hands with him and you love him. Every man of the great Liberal party who has met him esteems him highly, and I am led to believe that hundreds of the Conservative party admire him so much that they will fully support him at the next election. We feel proud of such a leader and such a platform. No better platform for good government and prosperity of our noble country could be laid down by the great Liberal party of Canada. Let us, therefore, be ready and willing at the next election, come when it may, to send a gentleman, whoever he may be, who will assist this noble man—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier—in carrying out the broad platform laid down, which is sure to bring to us and to our children success, prosperity and happiness."

A Common Danger to the Babies!

The commonest article of infant nourishment, and perhaps the most dangerous, is cow's milk. It is, without doubt, the most unwelcome substitute for mother's milk that is brought into the home. While it is hard to digest it is also insufficient in nourishing elements. Cow's milk frequently carries the seed of serious diseases, and is the originator of many intestinal troubles. Nine cases out of every ten of infants attacked with fatal summer complaints are the direct result of the use of cow's milk as an article of diet.

All thoroughly wise and careful mothers use Lactated Food for their babies, instead of the doubtful cow's milk now carried from street to street under the sun's burning rays. This Lactated Food is the only perfect substitute for mother's milk ever prepared. It nourishes and strengthens the infant, and is a safeguard against dysentery and cholera infantum. In summer, when the baby is weak, cross and peevish, Lactated Food is the only diet that can save its life.

The manufacturers will send free a full-sized can to any mother who has not yet given it a trial. If the name and address is sent to the Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, the Food will be forwarded without delay.

Joseph Howe Memorial.

It is proposed to erect a monument in Victoria Park, Truro, Nova Scotia, to the memory of Joseph Howe, and a committee, under the chairmanship of Principal Calkins, of Truro, is now at work endeavoring to raise a fund for the purpose. Howe's figure looms great in that noble struggle for constitutional freedom which brought about, half a century ago, the establishment of parliamentary government in all the British North American colonies. While a young journalist, Howe broke down the libel laws, drafted for the suppression of free speech, and established the liberty of the press. As leader of the Liberal party, he effected reforms of all kinds. As a writer, orator and patriot he is worthy of a monument.

Special Notice.

Parties having card plates can have cards printed direct from the plates for $1.50 per hundred; engraved and copper plate supplied together with 100 cards for $2.50.

—Hanna's (chiropodist and footologist) parlors, 37 Balmoral hotel all this week.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

That Brazil Emigration Fraud.

A curious case has been heard in Berlin. In the year 1891, in Russian-Poland, a quantity of placards were placed on the walls inviting the people to emigrate to Brazil, saying that a Polish kingdom would be founded, and that if they went to Bremen they would be sent across. An immense number of emigrants thereupon traveled to Bremen, only to learn that they could have no free passage. They, having no means of returning to Poland, soon spent their last penny in the Bremen inns. When the poor board found that these people would fall a burden upon them, a drastic measure was taken. A railway train was prepared, and the Poles were told that it would take them straight to Brazil. About a thousand emigrants entered it, and were speedily taken to Berlin. There, as it will be remembered, the penniless emigrants caused disturbances in the refuges, and the Berlin Poor Board was obliged to take care of them and feed them until they could be gradually dispatched to their several homes. The Berlin Poor Board has now claimed all the expenses from the Bremen Poor Board, and the law decided in favor of the claim.

The standard blood purifier, strength builder and nerve helper is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Insist upon Hood's, because Hood's Cures.

IMPERIAL Cream Tartar BAKING POWDER

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Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurious

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WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

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PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

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TRADE MARK BIG G CURE YOURSELF! Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. The Discovered American Cure. Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A. PRICE $1.00

ESTATE OF JOHN ALBERT JOHNSON,

Assignment for the Benefit of Creditors.

Take notice that pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," by indenture dated and executed the 13th day of July, 1893, by John Albert Johnson, of the Queen's Hotel, Store street, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, hotel-keeper, the said John Albert Johnson granted and assigned his real and personal property to Joseph Loewen, of Rockwood, New Gorge road, Lake District, Vancouver Island, brewer, and James Muirhead, Esquimalt road, Victoria West, in the city of Victoria, British Columbia, manufacturer of sashes, doors, etc., in trust for the creditors of the said John Albert Johnson.

The said Joseph Loewen and James Muirhead executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 13th day of July, 1893.

A meeting of the creditors will be held on Friday, the 21st day of July, 1893, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of the undersigned.

Dated the 15th day of July, 1893.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley street, Victoria, B.C.
Solicitor for the Trustees.

July 15-1m.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal over 640 acres of land on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Islands District, described as follows: Section 7, township 5.

PETER RASMUSSEN.

Skidegate, June 1, 1893. jy13

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Assistant Commissioner of Lands and Works for a license to prospect for coal over 640 acres of land on Graham Island, Queen Charlotte Islands District, described as follows: Section 8, Township 5, Staked June 1st, 1893.

JNO. FLEWIN.

jy13 Fort Simpson, June 20, 1893

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The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal, and mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

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1 House and Lot, Craigflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
½ acre Blocks, $250; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $30 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $3000 good terms.
99 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $300 per acre; improvements $1,000; good terms.
Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.

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A. HYAMS - - Manager

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

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(Mention this paper.)

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SPORTS THE WORLD OVER.

Vancouver Wins the Schedule Lacrosse Match on Saturday.

The twentieth annual meeting of the B. C. Rifle Association was brought to a close on Saturday. The weather was fine and favorable, and there was a good attendance of visitors. The Westminster and Nanaimo teams returned home yesterday thoroughly well pleased with their visit. In the Goldstream stakes match W. P. Winsby won the cup with 83 points. Gr. Huston was a good second, also having 83 points to his credit.

The inter-city team match was won by the Victoria team composed of Gr. Winsby, Corporal A. R. Langley, Master Gr. Bridgeford, Gr. Sargison, Gr. Brammer, Corporal Hunter, Corporal Newbury, Sergt. Newbury, Gr. McInnes, Gr. Duncan. They made 750 points. Westminster came second with 736; Victoria team No. 2 third, with 686, and Nanaimo 619.

GRAND AGGREGATE MATCH.

Awarded to competitors who have made the highest aggregate score in the following matches, viz.: Nos. 1, 3, 5, or 6, 8, 9, and 12. Four cash prizes, value $17.50. Entrance fee, $1.00.

Lt. Chamberlain 342 points, D.R.A silver medal, B.C.R.A. gold badge and $5.

Gr. Turnbull, 332 points, D.R.A. bronze medal, B.C.R.A. silver badge and $5.

Corp. Langley, 327 points, $3.

Mr. A. Martin, 325 points, $2.50.

OTTAWA TEAM MATCH.

Ottawa Team for 1893 selected by the council from the twenty making the highest aggregate scores in the Grand Aggregate match; places on the list determined by total scores in the Grand Aggregate match combined with scores in this match; provided that of the eight members to comprise the team, not less than six (6) shall be efficient members of the active militia of this district. Ranges 200, 500 and 600 yards; rounds, seven; entrance fee $1; highest score, prize, field glass.

J. C. Chamberlain (Field Glass)	427
Gr. Turnbull	416
Corp Langley	407
A. Martin	403
R. Wilson	387
Mr. Gr. Bridgeford	387
Gr. Sargison	383
Gr. Winsby	380
Gr. Sloan	375
Gr. Huston	374
Sergt. Newbury	374
Gr. Sharpe	373
Gr. Brammer	374
Corp. Hunter	371
Gr. Quigley	367
Corp. Newbury	363
Gr. Gregory	362
Gr. McInnes	361
Gr. Williams	360
Mr. Mallandaine	355
Br. Holt	

A number of extra series for cash prizes were fired during the day.

THE TURF.

HORSE-KILLING IN BOSNIA.

Vienna, July 29.—The Bosnian provincial government recently instituted a long distance horse race between Bishachs and Bosna-Servi, 180 miles. The roads are rough and mountainous. All the 47 competitors rode native horses and 19 of the riders were Austrian officers. A Mahommedan land owner won the first prize, 12,000 crowns, given by Emperor Franz Joseph. He covered the course in 30 hours and 26 minutes. Three of the horses died on the road.

THE WHEEL.

THE AUGUST TOURNAMENT.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 31.—Entries in all the races for the great six-day bicycle tournament to be held in Chicago next month under the auspices of the international race committee of the League of American Wheelmen closed on Saturday at the office of Secretary Raymond on Flatbush avenue. Although the acceptances have not yet been catalogued it is stated that the total is extremely large and that the forthcoming meet will be the largest ever held in the world. All the crack riders of England and Europe are expected to be on hand.

SANGERS' NEW RECORD.

Milwaukee, July 29.—Forty-five hundred people saw Walter C. Sanger break the one-mile record in competition at the National park this afternoon. Sanger was a scratch man. Baker of Pittsburg finished second with a handicap of 60 yards, and W. F. Sanger, with a handicap of 115 yards, third. Sanger beat his own record of 2:14 3-5 made at Hartford, Conn., July 4. His new record is 2:09 4-5.

LAWN TENNIS.

EASTERN CHAMPIONS.

Chicago, July 29.—The eastern champions in lawn tennis, Hobart and Hovey, swept everything to-day, defeating Campbell and Huntington for the championship cup of '93. The game was a beautiful one. The matches in the preliminary singles resulted as follows: C. B. Neal defeated George L. Wrenn, S. T. Chase beat P. R. Chapman, P. R. Whitman won from W. A. Havemeyer and Evart S. Wrenn defeated C. Kendig.

THE RING.

PIERCE AND DIXON.

New York, July 29.—The Dixon-Pierce championship glove contest, which occurs on Monday before the Coney Island club, is now the talk of the sports, and the chances of both men are being weighed by the betting men. The impression is that it is a foregone conclusion that Dixon will win. The betting is in his favor 5 to 2, and a great deal of money will be wagered at the ring-side. Pierce is undergoing a severe training at home, and Dixon is doing the same thing. He does not hold Pierce cheaply, and he knows he is the best little man he ever met, and is not going to lose by being out of condition.

SMITH'S INDEPENDENCE.

Boston, Mass., July 31.—Solly Smith, the California featherweight who defeated Johnny Griffin, is now in this city. In referring to his late fight with Griffin he said: "I was not groggy when I gave the knock-out blow. I don't think Griffin can hit hard enough to get me groggy. I see he wants to fight me again. Well, he will have to wait a while. I am after bigger game, and it all depends on what luck I have whether I will give him another chance."

CRICKET.

SATURDAY'S MATCHES.

H.M.S. Nymphe defeated the Dockyard by seven wickets. H.M.S. Royal Arthur defeated Nymphe and Dockyard. Victorias 95; Albions 70.

LACROSSE.

VANCOUVER WINS.

The match at the Royal City on Saturday was won by Vancouver; score, four games to two. The game was a very ragged one throughout, very little brilliant work being done. Several members of both teams received cuts and bruises, "but no arrests were made."

STANDING OF THE TEAMS.

	Won.	Lost.	To Play.
Victoria	4	0	4
Vancouver	2	2	3
New Westminster	1	4	3

THE GAME AT HOME.

The match between the Stars and Bays, played at Caledonia Park on Saturday, was very closely contested and some good plays were made by the juniors. The Stars won by three games to two.

HOW THEY STAND.

Westminster is now out of the race for the pennant, it will either come to Victoria or go to Vancouver, the odds being in favor of Victoria. If the Victorians win the match from Vancouver on August 19th they will get the pennant. If a match is played during exhibition week Victoria will have plenty of work next month, as matches are scheduled for August 19th and 26th.

PRACTICE THIS EVENING.

The members of the Victoria club will commence regular practice this evening for the August matches. As the evenings are getting short the members are requested to be out early and regularly. Vancouver is sure to make a big effort to win the pennant and Victoria should not let any possible chances pass.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Twenty-two marriage licenses were issued during July.

—There are not many attractions booked at the Victoria for August and September.

—The funeral of the late George Morrison, who was drowned last week, took place to-day from Hayward's undertaking parlors.

—There was a report that McDonald, the escaped prisoner, was seen on Chatham street, and another that he took the San Francisco boat.

—Three prisoners "doing time" for larceny broke out of the Whatcom county jail last week, and it is thought that they are at present in this city.

—The shareholders of the Victoria Brewing Company met Saturday and ratified the action taken by the Phoenix company toward the amalgamation of both companies.

—A Scottish paper of a recent date contains the following inquiry: Arthur Gordon, seaman; last heard of in Vancouver Island about two years ago. Address his wife, Nellie Cassidy, or Gordon, 41 Union Place, Lochee.

—There was a very good attendance at the meeting under the auspices of the W. C. T. U. held yesterday afternoon in Temperance Hall. Rev. J. Hall presided and short speeches were made by Rev. Solomon Cleaver and others. The choir rendered excellent music.

—The fire warden will this evening present to the council the report of the investigation into the charges preferred by Atkinson, recently of the fire department against Chief Deasy, and the counter charges made against Atkinson by the members of the department.

—District Deputy Grand President Byrne, of the Y. M. I. of Vancouver, lectured in Institute Hall on Sunday evening on the aims and objects of the Y. M. I. At a meeting in the afternoon of the Y. M. I. questions in connection with the establishment of a northwest jurisdiction were discussed.

PERSONAL.

Chas. Ramos of Tacoma is at the Oriental.

W. F. Anderson, C. P. R. auditor, is in the city.

Wm. Garden of Vancouver is at the Hotel Victoria.

Sam Cline of Dallas, Texas, is a guest at the Hotel Victoria.

E. J. Mackay of Montreal is a guest at the Hotel Victoria.

John Rosenfeld arrived from San Francisco on Saturday.

W. F. Allen is down from Cariboo. He is at the Occidental.

W. A. Smith of Toronto is among those at the Hotel Victoria.

R. P. Schwernie and wife of San Francisco are at the Driard.

Mrs. C. S. Baxter returned on Saturday from a visit to the east.

Prof. Harry S. Sharpe of Seattle is in the city renewing old acquaintances.

W. de La N. Van Norden and O. H. Bronson of New York are at the Victoria.

Mrs. J. Dunsmuir and Mrs. Bryden returned last evening from a visit to the mainland.

H. Hurt and wife and Mrs. E. D. Lane, of Washington, D. C., are registered at the Driard.

Mrs. D. Withrow, Miss Withrow and Miss G. H. Withrow have returned from the mainland.

F. W. Vincent, assistant manager of the C. P. N. Co., returned from Vancouver last evening.

J. D. Byrne, D. D. G. P., of the Y. M. I., returned home to Vancouver last night via New Westminster.

W. H. Ellis, Thos. Allice, W. H. Cullin and G. A. Morphy returned last evening from New Westminster.

Chief McLaren of the Vancouver police force is in the city. He says his visit has no significance—he is only taking a holiday.

ALONG THE WATER FRONT.

The steamship Empress of India will sail for Yokohama on Monday next.

The steamship Tacoma will be due here from Yokohama on Aug. 11th.

The N. P. tea ship C. S. Bement has arrived at Tacoma from Hong Kong.

The steamer Barbara Boscowitz will depart for the north this evening.

The steamer Cariboo and Fly will leave on Wednesday for the north.

Toronto Street Railway Appeal.

London, July 31.—The privy council to-day dismissed the appeal of the old Toronto street railway vs. the corporation of Toronto and confirmed the judgment of the supreme court. The company claimed that its franchise was perpetual, and asked the court to award it damages because the city took the franchise away. All the courts from the lowest to the highest have decided in favor of the city.

Blank Books.

A large assortment extra bound at moderate prices. J. Johnston & Co.

To Painters and Others.

Lead, oil, colors, mixed paints, etc., at Shore's hardware store, 57 Johnson street.

No more nauseous pills required! Eseljay's Liver Lozenges are pleasant to take and better than pills.

If your tongue is coated use Eseljay's Liver Lozenges. They will set your liver working healthfully and purify the blood.

Eseljay's Liver Lozenges are pleasant to take. They are laxative but strengthening.

Do you feel the weakness of age? Some men die at an age at which others are young. Take Eseljay's Liver Lozenges.

Do you know why you feel tired? It's biliousness. Take Eseljay's Liver Lozenges. They will put dew tone in you.

Is your tongue coated? Take Eseljay's Liver Lozenges. They will work off that bilious condition.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—(Saturday) D Antony, Miss Campbell, J D Byrne, Miss Withrow, R Chinchase, J E Scarlett, Mrs Farrall, Chas Woods, Mrs Sinclair, Mrs Lucas, G H Frank, Capt Urquhart, Miss Carmichael, C M Robertson, A Ballantyne, Mrs Ostrander, R W Manby, Miss Webb, J C Robertson, J Nott, Mrs Withrow, J Preston, Mrs Wheeler, H Lowen, J Peeby, W H Galley, Miss Armstrong, Chas Flay, Mrs Rose, C S Baxter, wife and son, Capt Johnson, F W Heath, Mrs Row, Mrs Washburn, J G Webb, T R Thomson, Miss Rose, H M Douglass, Miss Withrow, Lieut Horsby, S M Leishman, C Sweeney, W H Edmonds, Mrs Galley, Miss R Armstrong, J Bray, Mrs Mason, Mrs Salter, C Lander, D Ostrander, A H Burrelly, Mrs Webb.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—(Sunday) Miss Queenfield, W C Cantham, J Mylins, G A Murphy, W H Cullin, F M Rattenbury, H Whiffin, J Johnston, Thos Allice, Mrs Garden, G W Mitchell, H H Sleigh, N H Silver, Mrs J Dunsmuir, Mrs Bryden, W H Rone, J Brown, Mrs McBride, H M Campbell, Mrs Smith, W Allen, W M Ward, Miss L Baker, Miss Gibson, A Renock, J W Brigden, J Kennedy, J J Cosiette, J Austin, L Fawcett, A Lafferty, D P Clark, C B Baker, G H Tracey, Edna Misner, Miss A Misner, M L Smith, Mrs Fawcett, M W Rechlie, Chief McLaren, W F Anderson, J G Kuncky, W H Ellis, F A Vincent, H D Newbury.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—(Sunday) J C Corrin, W H Corrin, A Donon, C Usted, James Lamb, E Stenger, E Claxton, A Perry and wife, Miss Mathews, Gracie Potter, Dr. F Jackson and wife, J Davis, M Gergon and wife, A H Coleman, H Phillips, A Boxall, R M Waldron, T J Johnston and wife, A Ross, Chas Brasch, Mrs S Gray, Miss Noble, A Chemidlin, H Hurst and wife, W P Sullivan, Mrs L M Sweeney, W M Vangrenden, A M Bronson, Mrs Matherss, J S Bowker and wife, S F Rabbitt, E Crim, E Rae, J Johnston, Mrs Kensky, Lewis Cabin, Mrs E D Lane, J W Sowers, Jas Rack, W Price, Jas Griffith, Miss Atkinson, J H Babbitt, J N Irvis, Geo W Holmes, Chas Symns, Mrs Armstrong, Mrs Kippe, S A Joycelin, Japanese, Mrs Eendrew.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—(Saturday) Foon Long, Kum Pook Yuen, Hing Wo Hing, Mee Ying Loong, Yuen Loong, Tai Soong, Lai Hop & Co, Yen On, T S Fletcher, Marvin & T. Russell McDonald, care of Imperial Bank of Canada, care of Col Ind Rev, H B Co, Brown Bros, E C Baker, Hall & R, H Creech, Johns Bros, McL & McF, M R Smith, Quintard & P, R Baker & Sons, Ramsay Bros, Vato & B, Young Bros, Dom Exp Co.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—(Sunday) Col Ind Rev, J Homer & Co, Lenz & Leiser, Cavin Bros, F Sanger, Wm Smythe, Lemon Garnasson, R J W Attwood, Cochrane & M, B Williams, D Spencer, W H Perry, J H Baker, J Maynard, R McDonald, S Leiser, J Hutchison, Ames Holden, J Johnston, J Perry, W H Redmond, R S Moggridge, A McGregor, Turner Beeton, P R Stewart, H Bay Co, L G Burns, S S Boscowitz, Dom Exp Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—(Sunday) H Young & Co, Turner B & Co, T S Futcher, W J Cusack, J A Roebling & S, F S Terry, D Reith, T Dunn & Co, Langley & Co, G Powell & Co, Vict Ph Brg Co, M D Campbell, Stos Oil Co, Oppenheimer Bros, F Carne, Union Ice Co, E F Blackwood, A E Mount, Bank of B C, M W Waitt & Co, E G Prior & Co, E E Blackwood, Quintard & P, M Eickelbaum, H Short & Son.

Lincrusta Walton and Lignomur for wall decorating, a perfect imitation of carved wood, at Weiler Bros.

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jy27-td Manager.

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Surgeon Dentist,

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15 yds. White Calico for $1.

12 yds. 36 inch White Calico for $1

10 yds. Heavy Medium White Calico for $1.

8 yds. Extra Heavy White Calico for $1.

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ALSO

A nice range of PRINTS, 12 yards for $1.

Remnants, Dress Goods, Prints, Flannelettes, Laces, Ribbons, Embroideries, &c.,

VERY LOW IN PRICE

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Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Boots and Shoes.

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Men's Extra Large, Hand Made Hickory Shirts, 75c., good value at $1.

Men's Extra Large Blue Serge Shirts, all wool, $1.50; worth $2.50.

Men's Blue Jean Pants, copper rivetted, $1; worth $1.50.

Men's Blue Denim Overalls, copper rivetted, 90c.

Linen Collars, $1.50 a doz., 15c. each; sold everywhere at $2 and $2.50 a doz.

Men's Flannelette Overshirts, with band or collar, $1 $1.25 and $1.50.

Boys' Serge Suits, $1.25, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $4.

Our Prices are Lower than Elsewhere.

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